This handbook contains information on the Triumph Trident motorcycles. Always store this Owner’s Handbook with the motorcycle and refer to it for information whenever necessary.

The information contained in this publication is based on the latest information available at the time of printing. Triumph reserves the right to make changes at any time without prior notice, or obligation.

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Foreword

Warnings, Cautions and Notes
Throughout this Owner’s Handbook particularly important information is presented in the following form:

⚠️ Warning
This warning symbol identifies special instructions or procedures, which if not correctly followed could result in personal injury, or loss of life.

⚠️ Caution
This caution symbol identifies special instructions or procedures, which, if not strictly observed, could result in damage to, or destruction of, equipment.

Note
This note symbol indicates points of particular interest for more efficient and convenient operation.

Warning Labels

At certain areas of the motorcycle, the symbol (above) can be seen. The symbol means CAUTION: REFER TO THE HANDBOOK and will be followed by a pictorial representation of the subject concerned and/or text.

Never attempt to ride the motorcycle or make any adjustments without reference to the relevant instructions contained in this handbook.

For the location of all labels showing this symbol, see the Warning Label Locations section of this Owner’s Handbook. Where necessary, this symbol will also appear on the pages containing the relevant information.

Maintenance

To ensure a long, safe and trouble free life for your motorcycle, maintenance should only be carried out by an authorized Triumph dealer.

Only an authorized Triumph dealer will have the necessary knowledge, equipment and skills to maintain your Triumph motorcycle correctly.

To locate your nearest authorized Triumph dealer, visit the Triumph website at www.triumph.co.uk or telephone the authorized distributor in your country. Their address is given in the service record book that accompanies this handbook.
Noise Control System

Tampering with the noise control system is prohibited.

Owners are warned that the law may prohibit:

1. The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use and.

2. The use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

- Removal of, or puncturing the muffler, baffles, header pipes or any other component which conducts exhaust gases.
- Removal of or puncturing of any part of the intake system.
- Lack of proper maintenance.
- Replacing any moving parts of the vehicle, or parts of the exhaust or intake system, with parts other than those specified by the manufacturer.

Owner’s Handbook

⚠️ Warning

This Owner’s Handbook, and all other instructions that are supplied with your motorcycle, should be considered a permanent part of your motorcycle and should remain with it even if your motorcycle is subsequently sold.

All riders must read this Owner’s Handbook and all other instructions which are supplied with your motorcycle, before riding, in order to become thoroughly familiar with the correct operation of your motorcycle’s controls, its features, capabilities and limitations.

Do not lend your motorcycle to others as riding when not familiar with your motorcycle’s controls, features, capabilities and limitations can lead to an accident.

Thank you for choosing a Triumph motorcycle. This motorcycle is the product of Triumph’s use of proven engineering, exhaustive testing, and continuous striving for superior reliability, safety and performance.

Please read this Owner’s Handbook before riding in order to become thoroughly familiar with the correct operation of your motorcycle’s controls, its features, capabilities and limitations.

This Owner’s Handbook includes safe riding tips, but does not contain all the techniques and skills necessary to ride a motorcycle safely.
Triumph strongly recommends that all riders undertake the necessary training to ensure safe operation of this motorcycle.

This Owner’s Handbook is available from your local dealer in:

- English
- US English
- Arabic
- Chinese
- Dutch
- French
- German
- Italian
- Japanese
- Portuguese
- Spanish
- Swedish
- Thai
- Finnish (available online from www.triumphmotorcycles.com).

The languages available for this Owner’s Handbook are dependent on the specific motorcycle model and country.

**Talk to Triumph**

Our relationship with you does not end with the purchase of your Triumph. Your feedback on the buying and ownership experience is very important in helping us develop our products and services for you.

Please help us by ensuring your authorized Triumph dealership has your email address and registers this with us. You will then receive an online customer satisfaction survey invitation to your email address where you can give us this feedback.

Your Triumph Team.
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Safety First

The Motorcycle

⚠️ Warning
This motorcycle is designed for on-road use only. It is not suitable for off-road use.
Off-road operation could lead to loss of control of the motorcycle resulting in an accident causing injury or loss of life.

⚠️ Warning
This motorcycle is not designed to tow a trailer or be equipped with a sidecar.
Installing a sidecar and/or a trailer may result in loss of control and an accident.

⚠️ Warning
This motorcycle is equipped with a catalytic converter below the engine, which along with the exhaust system reaches a very high temperature during engine operation.
Flammable materials such as grass, hay/straw, leaves, clothing and luggage etc. could ignite if allowed to come into contact with any part of the exhaust system and catalytic converter.
Always make sure that flammable materials are not allowed to contact the exhaust system or catalytic converter.

⚠️ Warning
This motorcycle is designed for use as a two-wheeled vehicle capable of carrying a rider on their own.
The total weight of the rider, accessories and luggage must not exceed the maximum load limit stated in the Specifications section.
Safety First

Fuel and Exhaust Fumes

⚠️ **Warning**

GASOLINE IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Always turn off the engine when refueling.

Do not refuel or open the fuel filler cap while smoking or in the vicinity of any open (naked) flame.

Take care not to spill any gasoline on the engine, exhaust pipes or mufflers when refueling.

If gasoline is swallowed, inhaled or allowed to get into the eyes, seek immediate medical attention.

Spillage on the skin should be immediately washed off with soap and water and clothing contaminated with gasoline should immediately be removed.

Burns and other serious skin conditions may result from contact with gasoline.

⚠️ **Warning**

Never start the engine or run the engine in a confined area.

Exhaust fumes are poisonous and can cause loss of consciousness and death within a short period of time.

Always operate the motorcycle in the open air or in an area with adequate ventilation.

Helmet and Clothing

⚠️ **Warning**

When riding the motorcycle, both rider and passenger (on models where carrying a passenger is permitted) must always wear appropriate clothing including a motorcycle helmet, eye protection, gloves, boots, trousers (close fitting around the knee and ankle) and a brightly colored jacket.

During off-road use (on models suitable for off-road use), the rider must always wear appropriate clothing including trousers and boots.

Brightly colored clothing will considerably increase a rider’s (or passenger’s) visibility to other operators of road vehicles.

Although full protection is not possible, wearing correct protective clothing can reduce the risk of injury when riding.
Warning

A helmet is one of the most important pieces of riding gear as it offers protection against head injuries. You and your passenger’s helmet should be carefully chosen and should fit you or your passenger’s head comfortably and securely. A brightly colored helmet will increase a rider’s (or passenger’s) visibility to other operators of road vehicles.

An open face helmet offers some protection in an accident though a full face helmet will offer more.

Always wear a visor or approved goggles to help vision and to protect your eyes.

When choosing a helmet, always look for a DOT (Department of Transport) sticker indicating that the helmet has DOT approval. Do not buy a helmet without DOT approval.

Parking

Warning

Always switch off the engine and remove the ignition key before leaving the motorcycle unattended. By removing the key, the risk of use of the motorcycle by unauthorized or untrained persons is reduced.

When parking the motorcycle, always remember the following:
- Engage first gear to help prevent the motorcycle from rolling off the stand.
- The engine and exhaust system will be hot after riding. DO NOT park where pedestrians, animals and/or children are likely to touch the motorcycle.
- Do not park on soft ground or on a steeply inclined surface. Parking under these conditions may cause the motorcycle to fall over.

For further details, please refer to the ‘How to Ride the Motorcycle’ section of this Owner’s Handbook.
Safety First

Parts and Accessories

⚠️ Warning

Owners should be aware that the only approved parts, accessories and conversions for any Triumph motorcycle are those which carry official Triumph approval and are installed to the motorcycle by an authorized dealer.

In particular, it is extremely hazardous to install or replace parts or accessories whose installation requires the dismantling of, or addition to, either the electrical or fuel systems and any such modification could cause a safety hazard.

The installation of any non-approved parts, accessories or conversions may adversely affect the handling, stability or other aspect of the motorcycle operation that may result in an accident causing injury or death.

Triumph does not accept any liability whatsoever for defects caused by the installation of non-approved parts, accessories or conversions or the installation of any approved parts, accessories or conversions by non-approved personnel.

Maintenance and Equipment

⚠️ Warning

Consult your authorized Triumph dealer whenever there is doubt as to the correct or safe operation of this Triumph motorcycle.

Remember that continued operation of an incorrectly performing motorcycle may aggravate a fault and may also compromise safety.

⚠️ Warning

Make sure all equipment that is required by law is installed and functioning correctly.

The removal or alteration of the motorcycle’s lights, mufflers, emission or noise control systems can violate the law.

Incorrect or improper modification may adversely affect the handling, stability or other aspect of the motorcycle operation, which may result in an accident causing injury or death.

⚠️ Warning

If the motorcycle is involved in an accident, collision or fall, it must be taken to an authorized Triumph dealer for inspection and repair.

Any accident can cause damage to the motorcycle that, if not correctly repaired, may cause a second accident that may result in injury or death.
Riding

⚠️ Warning
Never ride the motorcycle when fatigued or under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.
Riding when under the influence of alcohol or other drugs is illegal.
Riding when fatigued or under the influence of alcohol or other drugs reduces the rider’s ability to maintain control of the motorcycle and may lead to loss of control and an accident.

⚠️ Warning
All riders must be licensed to operate the motorcycle.
Operation of the motorcycle without a license is illegal and could lead to prosecution.
Operation of the motorcycle without formal training in the correct riding techniques that are necessary to become licensed is dangerous and may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

⚠️ Warning
Always ride defensively and wear the protective equipment mentioned elsewhere in this foreword.
Remember, in an accident, a motorcycle does not give the same impact protection as a car.

⚠️ Warning
This Triumph motorcycle should be operated within the legal speed limits for the particular road traveled.
Operating a motorcycle at high speeds can be potentially dangerous since the time available to react to given traffic situations is greatly reduced as road speed increases.
Always reduce speed in potentially hazardous driving conditions such as bad weather or heavy traffic.

⚠️ Warning
Continually observe and react to changes in road surface, traffic and wind conditions. All two-wheeled vehicles are subject to external forces which may cause an accident. These forces include but are not limited to:
- Wind draft from passing vehicles
- Potholes, uneven or damaged road surfaces
- Bad weather
- Rider error.
Always operate the motorcycle at moderate speed and away from heavy traffic until you have become thoroughly familiar with its handling and operating characteristics. Never exceed the legal speed limit.
Wobble/Weave

A weave is a relatively slow oscillation of the rear of the motorcycle, while a wobble is a rapid, possibly strong shaking of the handlebar. These are related but distinct stability problems usually caused by excessive weight in the wrong place, or by a mechanical problem such as worn or loose bearings or under-inflated or unevenly worn tires.

Your solution to both situations is the same. Keep a firm hold on the handlebars without locking arms or fighting the steering. Smoothly ease off the throttle to slow gradually. Do not apply the brakes, and do not accelerate to try to stop the wobble or weave. In some cases, it helps to shift your body weight forward by leaning over the tank.

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Handlebars and Footrests

⚠️ Warning
The rider must maintain control of the motorcycle by keeping hands on the handlebars at all times.
The handling and stability of a motorcycle will be adversely affected if the rider removes their hands from the handlebars, resulting in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

⚠️ Warning
The rider and passenger (if applicable) must always use the footrests provided, during operation of the motorcycle.
By using the footrests, both rider and passenger will reduce the risk of inadvertent contact with any motorcycle components and will also reduce the risk of injury from entrapment of clothing.
Warning

Use of a motorcycle with bank angle indicators worn beyond the maximum limit will allow the motorcycle to be banked to an unsafe angle. Therefore, always replace the bank angle indicators before they are worn to their maximum limit.

Banking to an unsafe angle may cause instability, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Details of the bank angle wear limits can be found in the Maintenance and Adjustment section.

Warning

When banking and the bank angle indicator, attached to the rider’s footrest, makes contact with the ground, the motorcycle is nearing its bank angle limit.

A further increase of the banking angle is unsafe.

Banking to an unsafe angle may cause instability, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Warning

The bank angle indicators must not be used as a guide to how far the motorcycle may be safely banked.

This depends on many various conditions including, but not limited to, road surface, tire condition and weather.

Banking to an unsafe angle may cause instability, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.
Warning Labels

Warning Label Locations

The labels detailed on this and the following pages draw your attention to important safety information in this handbook. Before riding, make sure that all riders have understood and complied with all the information to which these labels relate.

1. Headlights (page 125)
2. Mirrors (page 109)
3. Breaking-In (page 64)
4. Gears (page 71)
5. Coolant (page 94)
6. Tires (page 115)
7. Drive Chain (page 100)
Warning Label Locations (continued)

⚠️ Caution

All warning labels and decals, with the exception of the Breaking-in label, are mounted on the motorcycle using a strong adhesive. In some cases, labels are installed prior to an application of paint lacquer. Therefore, any attempt to remove the warning labels will cause damage to the paintwork or bodywork.

1. Daily Safety Checks (page 65)
2. Unleaded Fuel (page 54)
3. Helmet (page 8)
4. Engine Oil (page 91)
5. Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) (if equipped) (page 117)
1. Headlight
2. Fuel filler cap
3. Fuel tank
4. Seat lock
5. Rear suspension unit
6. Tail light
7. Drive chain adjuster
8. Drive chain
9. Gear shift pedal
10. Side stand
11. Coolant expansion tank
12. Oil filter
13. Front turn signal
14. Front brake caliper
15. Front brake disc
1. License plate light
2. Rear turn signal
3. Tool kit (under seat)
4. Battery (under seat)
5. Rear brake fluid reservoir
6. Oil filler cap
7. Front turn signal
8. Front fork
9. Clutch cable
10. Engine oil level dipstick
11. Rear brake pedal
12. Muffler
13. Rear brake disc
14. Rear brake caliper
1. Clutch lever
2. High beam/pass button
3. Instruments navigation buttons
4. Instruments
5. Front brake fluid reservoir
6. Front brake lever
7. Engine start/stop switch
8. Hazard warning light switch
9. Mode button
10. Turn signal switch
11. Horn button
12. Select button
Serial Numbers

Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)

1. Vehicle identification number

The Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) is stamped into the steering head area of the frame. It is also displayed on a label attached to the left hand side of the frame, adjacent to the radiator cowl. Record the vehicle identification number in the space provided below.

Engine Serial Number

1. Engine serial number

The engine serial number is stamped on the engine crankcase, directly above the clutch cover. Record the engine serial number in the space provided below.
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Hand Controls

Ignition Switch/Steering Lock

⚠️ Warning
For reasons of security and safety, always turn the ignition to the OFF or PARK position and remove the key when leaving the motorcycle unattended.

Any unauthorized use of the motorcycle may cause injury to the user, other road users and pedestrians and may also cause damage to the motorcycle.

⚠️ Warning
With the key in the LOCK or P position, the steering will become locked.

Never turn the key to the LOCK or P positions while the motorcycle is moving as this will cause the steering to lock. Locked steering will cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Switch Operation

This is a four position, key operated switch. The key can be removed from the switch only when it is in the OFF, LOCK or P (PARK) position.

TO LOCK: Turn the steering fully to the left, turn the key to the OFF position, push and fully release the key, then rotate it to the LOCK position.

PARKING: Turn the key from the LOCK position to the P position. The steering will remain locked.
General Information

Note
Do not leave the steering lock in the P position for long periods of time as this will cause the battery to discharge.

Ignition Key

⚠️ Warning
Additional keys, key rings/chains or items attached to the ignition key may interfere with the steering, leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.
Remove all additional keys, key rings/chains and items from the ignition key before riding the motorcycle.

⚠️ Caution
Additional keys, key rings/chains or items attached to the ignition key may cause damage to the motorcycle’s painted or polished components.
Remove all additional keys, key rings/chains and items from the ignition key before riding the motorcycle.

1. Key number tag
In addition to operating the ignition switch/steering lock, the ignition key is required to operate the seat lock and fuel tank cap.

When the motorcycle is delivered from the factory, two ignition keys are supplied together with a small tag bearing the key number. Make a note of the key number and store the spare key and key number tag in a safe place away from the motorcycle.

There is a transponder within the ignition keys to turn off the engine immobilizer. To make sure the immobilizer functions correctly, always have only one of the ignition keys near the ignition switch. Having two ignition keys near the switch may interrupt the signal between the transponder and the engine immobilizer. In this situation the engine immobilizer will remain active until one of the ignition keys is removed.
Always get replacement keys from your authorized Triumph dealer. Replacement keys must be 'paired' with the motorcycle’s immobilizer by your authorized Triumph dealer.

**Engine Immobilizer**

The ignition barrel housing acts as the antenna for the engine immobilizer. When the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position and the ignition key is removed, the engine immobilizer is active (see page 33). The engine immobilizer is deactivated when the ignition key is in the ignition switch and it is turned to the ON position.

**Brake Lever**

!!! Warning

Do not attempt to adjust the levers with the motorcycle in motion as this may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

After adjusting the levers, operate the motorcycle in an area free from traffic to gain familiarity with the new lever setting.

Do not loan your motorcycle to anyone as they may change the lever setting from the one you are familiar with causing loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

A span adjuster is installed to the brake lever. The adjuster allows the distance from the handlebar to the brake lever to be changed to suit the span of the rider’s hand.

To adjust the brake lever:

- Push the brake lever forward and turn the adjuster wheel to align one of the numbered positions with the arrow mark on the lever holder.
- The distance from the handlebar grip to the released brake lever grip is shortest when set to number five and longest when set to number one.
General Information

Clutch Lever
The clutch lever has a fixed span. It is not adjustable.

STOP Position
The STOP position is for emergency use. If an emergency arises which requires the engine to be stopped, move the engine start/stop switch to the STOP position.

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<th>Caution</th>
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<tr>
<td>Do not leave the ignition switch in the ON position unless the engine is running as this may cause damage to electrical components and will discharge the battery.</td>
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</table>

Note
Although the engine stop switch stops the engine, it does not turn off all the electrical circuits and may cause difficulty in restarting the engine due to a discharged battery. Ordinarily, only the ignition switch should be used to stop the engine.

RUN Position
In addition to the ignition switch being turned to the ON position, the engine start/stop switch must be in the RUN position for the motorcycle to operate.

START Position
The START position operates the electric starter. For the starter to operate, the clutch lever must be pulled to the handlebar.

Note
Even if the clutch lever is pulled to the handlebar, the starter will not operate if the side stand is down and a gear is engaged.
Hazard Warning Lights Switch
To turn the hazard warning lights on or off, press and release the hazard warning light switch.
The ignition must be ON for the hazard warning lights to function.
The hazard warning lights will remain on if the ignition is OFF, until the hazard warning light switch is pressed again.

Left Handlebar Switches

1. Left button
2. Up button
3. Right button
4. Down button
5. Select button
6. Turn signal switch
7. Mode button
8. Horn button
9. High beam button

Navigation Buttons
The navigation buttons are used to operate the following functions of the instruments:
- Up—scroll the menu bottom to top
- Down—scroll the menu top to bottom
- Left—scroll the menu to the left
- Right—scroll the menu to the right.

Turn Signal Switch
When the turn signal switch is pushed to the left or right, the corresponding turn signals will flash on and off.
The turn signals can be canceled manually. To manually turn off the turn signal, press and release the turn signal switch in the central position.
Automatic self-canceling turn signals can be activated in the Bike Set Up function on the display, refer to page 45.

Note
When in automatic self-canceling mode and the motorcycle stops for any reason, then the turn signals will flash for the remainder of the time and distance unless manually canceled by the rider.

Mode Button
When the Mode button is pressed and released it will activate the riding mode display. Further presses of the Mode button will scroll through the available riding modes (see page 38).

Horn Button
When the horn button is pushed, with the ignition switch turned on, the horn will sound.

High Beam Button
When the high beam button is pressed the high beam will be switched on. Each press of the button will swap between dip and high beam.
General Information

Note
A lighting on/off switch is not installed on this model. The position light, tail light and license plate light all function automatically when the ignition is turned to the ON position.

A Pass feature is not available on this model.

The headlight will function when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position. The headlight will go off while pressing the starter button until the engine starts.

Throttle Control
An electronic throttle twist grip controls the opening and closing of the throttles via the engine’s electronic control module. There are no direct-acting cables in the system.

The throttle grip has a resistive feel to it as it is rolled rearwards to open the throttles. When the grip is released it will return to the throttle closed position by its internal return spring and the throttles will close.

There are no user adjustments for the throttle control.

1. Throttle closed position
Warning
Reduce speed and do not continue to ride for longer than is necessary with the Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) illuminated.

The fault may adversely affect engine performance, exhaust emissions and fuel consumption.

Reduced engine performance could cause a dangerous riding condition, leading to loss of control and an accident. Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.

Brake Use
At low throttle opening (approximately 68°F (20°C)), the brakes and throttle can be used together.

At high throttle opening (greater than 68°F (20°C)), if the brakes are applied for longer than two seconds the throttles will close and the engine speed will reduce. To return to normal throttle operation, release the throttle control, release the brakes and then reopen the throttle.

If there is a malfunction with the throttle control the Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) becomes illuminated and one of the following engine conditions may occur:

- MIL illuminated, restricted engine RPM and throttle movement
- MIL illuminated, limp-home mode with the engine at a fast idle condition only
- MIL illuminated, engine will not start.

For all of the above conditions contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.
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11. Oil pressure warning light
12. Engine management Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL)
13. High beam warning light
14. Left hand turn signal and hazard warning light
General Information

Warning Lights

Note

When the ignition is switched on, the instrument warning lights will illuminate for 1.5 seconds and will then go off (except those which remain on until the engine starts, as described in the following pages).

For additional Warning information, see page 42.

Engine Management System
Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL)

The Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) for the engine management system illuminates when the ignition is switched ON (to indicate that it is working) but should not become illuminated when the engine is running.

If the engine is running and there is a fault with the engine management system the MIL will be illuminated and the general warning symbol will flash. In such circumstances, the engine management system may switch to 'limp-home' mode so that the journey may be completed, if the fault is not so severe that the engine will not run.

Warning

Reduce speed and do not continue to ride for longer than is necessary with the MIL illuminated. The fault may adversely affect engine performance, exhaust emissions and fuel consumption.

Reduced engine performance could cause a dangerous riding condition, leading to loss of control and an accident.

Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.

Note

If the MIL flashes when the ignition is switched ON contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the situation rectified. In these circumstances the engine will not start.

Low Oil Pressure Warning Light

With the engine running, if the engine oil pressure becomes dangerously low, the low oil pressure warning light will illuminate.

Caution

Stop the engine immediately if the low oil pressure warning light illuminates. Do not restart the engine until the fault has been rectified.

Severe engine damage will result from running the engine when the low oil pressure warning light is illuminated.
Note
The low oil pressure warning light will illuminate if the ignition is switched ON without running the engine.

Immobilizer/Alarm Indicator Light
This Triumph motorcycle is equipped with an engine immobilizer which is activated when the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position.

Without Alarm Equipped
When the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position, the immobilizer light will flash on and off for 24 hours to show that the engine immobilizer is on. When the ignition switch is turned to the ON position the immobilizer and the indicator light will be off.
If the indicator light remains on it indicates that the immobilizer has a malfunction that requires investigation. Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.

With Alarm Equipped
The immobilizer/alarm light will only illuminate when the conditions described in the genuine Triumph accessory alarm instructions are met.

Anti-lock Braking System (ABS)
Warning Light

⚠️ Warning
If the ABS is not functioning, the brake system will continue to function as a non-ABS equipped brake system.
Do not continue to ride for longer than is necessary with the warning light illuminated.
Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified. In this situation braking too hard will cause the wheels to lock resulting in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Note
Traction control will not function if there is a malfunction with the ABS. The warning lights for the ABS, traction control and the MIL will be illuminated.
The warning light should not illuminate again until the engine is restarted unless there is a fault.
If the warning light becomes illuminated at any time while riding it indicates that the ABS has a malfunction that requires investigation.
General Information

Turn Signals
When the turn signal switch is turned to the left or right, the indicator warning light will flash on and off at the same speed as the turn signals.

Hazard Warning Lights Switch
To turn the hazard warning lights on or off, press and release the hazard warning light switch.
The ignition must be ON for the hazard warning lights to function.
The hazard warning lights will remain on if the ignition is OFF, until the hazard warning light switch is pressed again.

High Beam Light
When the ignition is switched ON and the headlight dimmer switch is set to HIGH BEAM, the high beam warning light will illuminate.

Speedometer
The speedometer indicates the road speed of the motorcycle.

Odometer
The odometer shows the total distance that the motorcycle has traveled. The odometer is shown in the Service display.

Tachometer

Caution
Never allow engine speed to enter the red zone as severe engine damage may result.
General Information

The tachometer shows the engine speed in revolutions per minute–rpm (r/min). At the end of the tachometer range there is the red zone. Engine speeds in the red zone are above maximum recommended engine speed and are also above the range for best performance.

The gage markings indicate intermediate fuel levels between E (empty) and F (full). The low fuel warning light will illuminate when approximately 1 gallon (3.5 liters) of fuel is remaining in the tank and you should refuel at the earliest opportunity.

The range to empty and instantaneous fuel consumption are shown in the Fuel Consumption display, see page 39.

After refueling, the fuel gage and range to empty information will be updated only while riding the motorcycle. Depending on the riding style, updating could take up to five minutes.

Coolant Temperature Gauge

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Caution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Stop the engine immediately if the high coolant temperature warning light illuminates. Do not restart the engine until the fault has been rectified.

Severe engine damage will result from running the engine when a warning message is shown in the instrument tray.

Fuel Gauge

The fuel gage indicates the amount of fuel in the tank.

With the ignition switched on, a filled line indicates the fuel remaining in the fuel tank.
General Information

The coolant temperature gage indicates the temperature of the engine coolant.

1. Coolant temperature gage
When the engine is started from cold, the display will show grey bars. As the temperature increases more bars in the display will be shown illuminated. When the engine is started from hot, the display will show the relevant number of illuminated bars, dependant on engine temperature.
The normal temperature range is between the C (Cold) and H (Hot) on the display.

With the engine running, if the engine coolant temperature becomes dangerously high, a warning message will be shown in the instrument tray. The coolant temperature gage is also shown.

Service
The Service display shows the total distance that the motorcycle has remaining before a service is required. It also shows the date that the service is required to be completed by.

1. Date the service is required by
2. Remaining number of miles or kilometers
If the service is overdue then a message is shown in the instrument tray.

When the service has been carried out by your authorized Triumph dealer, the system will be reset.
The distance to the next service or any service message will also be shown in the instrument tray when the ignition is turned on.
**Trip Meters**

There are two trip meters that can be accessed and reset in the information tray.

1. Trip meter 1 or 2
2. Duration of trip
3. Average speed
4. Time taken to complete trip

To view a specific trip meter:
- Push the Left or Right buttons until the required trip meter is shown.

For more information on trip meters, see page 46.

**Riding Modes**

The riding modes allow adjustment of the throttle response (MAP), Anti-lock Brake System (ABS) and Traction Control (TC) settings to suit differing road conditions and rider preferences.

Riding modes can be selected using the Mode button located on the left hand switch housing, while the motorcycle is stationary or moving, see page 38.

The following riding modes are available: Road and Rain.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Settings</th>
<th>ABS</th>
<th>MAP</th>
<th>TC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Road</td>
<td>Road – Optimal ABS setting for road use.</td>
<td>Road – Standard throttle response.</td>
<td>Road – Optimal TC setting for road use.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Road Mode**

The Road mode is predetermined and provides optimal ABS, MAP and TC settings for normal road use.
General Information

Rain Mode

The Rain mode is predetermined and provides optimal ABS, MAP and TC settings for normal road use in rain conditions.

System Settings

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ABS</td>
<td>MAP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Abs Road</strong></td>
<td><strong>Map Rain</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ABS**

**Road** – Optimal ABS setting for road use.

**MAP**

**Rain** – Reduced throttle response when compared to the Road setting, for wet or slippery conditions.

**TC**

**Rain** – Optimal TC setting for road use in rain conditions, allows minimal rear wheel slip.

Riding Mode Selection

⚠️ Warning

The selection of riding modes while the motorcycle is in motion requires the rider to allow the motorcycle to coast (motorcycle moving, engine running, throttle closed, clutch lever pulled in and no brakes applied) for a brief period of time.

Riding mode selection while the motorcycle is in motion should only be attempted:

- At low speed
- In traffic free areas
- On straight and level roads or surfaces
- In good road and weather conditions
- Where it is safe to allow the motorcycle to briefly coast.

Riding mode selection while the motorcycle is in motion MUST NOT be attempted:

- At high speeds
- While riding in traffic
- During cornering or on winding roads or surfaces
- On steeply inclined roads or surfaces
- In poor road/weather conditions
- Where it is unsafe to allow the motorcycle to coast.

Failure to observe this important warning will lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.
General Information

⚠️ Warning
After selecting a riding mode, operate the motorcycle in an area free from traffic to gain familiarity with the new settings.

Do not loan your motorcycle to anyone as they may change the riding mode settings from the one you are familiar with, causing loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Note
The riding mode will default to ROAD when the ignition is switched ON.

If the riding mode icons are not shown when the ignition switch is in the ON position, make sure that the engine stop switch is in the RUN position.

To select a riding mode:
• Press and release the Mode button on the left hand switch housing to activate the riding mode selection display.
• The currently active riding mode icon is shown in the information tray.

To change the selected riding mode:
• Press the Mode button repeatedly until the required riding mode is shown in the information tray. Once in the riding mode display, the Left or Right buttons will also scroll through the riding mode options.
• Press the Select button to confirm the selection of the required riding mode.

• The selected riding mode is activated once the following conditions for switching riding modes have been met:

Motorcycle Stationary–Engine Off
• The ignition is switched ON.
• The engine stop switch is in the RUN position.

Motorcycle Stationary–Engine Running
• Neutral gear is selected or the clutch is pulled in.

Motorcycle in Motion
Within 30 seconds of selecting a riding mode the rider must carry out the following simultaneously:
• Close the throttle.
• Make sure that the brakes are not engaged (allow the motorcycle to coast).

The riding mode selection is now complete and normal riding can be resumed.

Fuel Consumption
The Fuel Consumption display shows fuel consumption information.

1. Instantaneous fuel consumption
2. Range to empty
3. Average fuel consumption
General Information

Instantaneous Fuel Consumption
An indication of the fuel consumption at an instant in time. If the motorcycle is stationary, \( -.- \) will be shown.

Range to Empty
This is an indication of the predicted distance that can be traveled on the remaining fuel in the tank.

Average Fuel Consumption
This is an indication of the average fuel consumption. After being reset, \( -.- \) will be shown until 0.1 miles/km has been covered.

Note
After refueling, the fuel gage and range to empty information will be updated only while riding the motorcycle. Depending on the riding style, updating could take up to five minutes.

Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) (if equipped)

Warning
Stop the motorcycle if the tire pressure warning light illuminates. Do not ride the motorcycle until the tires have been checked and the tire pressures are at their recommended pressure when cold.

The Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) display shows the front and rear tire pressures.

1. Rear tire pressure indicator
2. Front tire pressure indicator

Front Tire Pressure Indicator
This shows the current front tire pressure.

Rear Tire Pressure Indicator
This shows the current rear tire pressure.

For more information on TPMS and tire pressures, see page 58.

Brightness
The Brightness display allows the brightness of the information tray to be adjusted.
To adjust the brightness of the information tray:

- Press the Left and Right buttons to increase/decrease the level of brightness.
- Press the Select button to confirm the required level of brightness.

**Note**

In bright sunlight, low brightness settings will be overridden to make sure that the instruments can be viewed at all times.

**Note**

Do not cover the light sensor on the display screen as this will stop the screen brightness from working correctly.

### Gear Position

The gear position is shown on the main instrument screen and indicates which gear (one to six) has been engaged. When the transmission is in neutral (no gear selected), then N is shown.

1. Gear position symbol
2. Gear position (neutral position shown)

1. Gear position symbol
2. Gear position (fifth gear shown)

The gear position information is not shown when the gear shift indicator display is shown in the information tray.
Warning Messages Review

Any warnings and information messages are shown in the Warning Messages display. An example is shown below.

1. Warning message counter (showing one of three messages)
2. Warning message symbol
3. Warning message and instructions

To view the warnings:

- Press the Up and Down buttons to scroll through the options until the warning message display is shown.
- Press the Left or Right buttons to review each warning message (if there is more than one). The warning message counter will show the amount of warning messages that are present.

Low Battery Warning

If items such as heated grips are equipped and are on with the engine at idle, over a period of time, the battery voltage may drop below a predetermined voltage and a warning message will be shown.

Main Menu

To access the Main menu:

- The motorcycle must be stationary with the ignition switched on.
- Press the Up and Down buttons to scroll through the information tray until the Main Menu screen is shown.
- Press the Select button to confirm the selection of the Main Menu. The Main Menu items are then available to select.

The Main Menu allows access to the following options:

Riding Modes
- Bike Setup
- Trip Setup
- Display Setup
- Bluetooth

Riding Modes

This menu allows configuration of the riding modes. For more information, see page 43.

Bike Setup

This menu allows configuration of the different features of the motorcycle. For more information, see page 44.
Trip Setup
This menu allows configuration of Trip 1 and Trip 2. For more information, see page 46.

Display Setup
This menu allows configuration of the display options. For more information, see page 48.

Bluetooth® (if equipped)
This menu allows configuration of the Bluetooth® connectivity. For more information, see the My Triumph Connectivity Handbook.

The My Triumph Connectivity Handbook is also available on the Internet at: https://www.triumphinstructions.com/
Enter the part number 'A9820200' into the search field to access the handbook.

Reset to Defaults
This menu allows all instrument settings to be returned to the default setting. For more information, see page 53.

Riding Modes
To access the Riding Modes menu:

• From the Main Menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Riding Modes.

• Press the Right button to view the available options.

• Press the Up and Down buttons to select the required riding mode.

• Press the Right button to confirm and view the relevant setting options for the selected riding mode.

To change an ABS, MAP or Traction Control (TC) setting:

• Press the Up and Down button to select the setting.

• Press the Right button to view the available options.

• Press the Up and Down button to scroll through the options.

• Press the Select button to select the required option for the specific setting.
General Information

Bike Setup Menu

The Bike Setup menu allows configuration of the different features of the motorcycle.

To access the Bike Setup menu:
• From the Main Menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Bike Setup.
• Push the Right button to view the available options.

Bike Setup—TSA (Shift Assist) (if equipped)

Triumph Shift Assist (TSA) triggers a momentary engine torque change to allow gears to engage, without closure of the throttle or operation of the clutch. This feature works for both up-shifts and down-shifts of gear.

The clutch must be used for stopping and pulling away.

TSA will not operate if the clutch is applied or if an up-shift is attempted by mistake when in 6th gear.

It is necessary to use a positive pedal force to make sure there is a smooth gear shift.

To enable or disable TSA:
• From the Bike Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select TSA.
• Press the Right button to view the available options.
• Press the Up and Down buttons to select Enabled or Disabled.
• Press the Select button to confirm. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.

For more information on Triumph Shift Assist (TSA), see page 72.
Bike Setup–Turn Signals
The turn signals can be set to Auto Basic, Auto Advanced or Manual mode.

Selecting a Turn Signals Mode
To select the required turn signals mode:
- From the Bike Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Indicators.
- Press the Right button to view the available options.
- Press the Up and Down buttons to scroll between the following options:
  - **Auto Basic**–The self-canceling function is on. The turn signals will activate for eight seconds and an additional 71 yards (65 meters).
  - **Auto Advanced**–The self-canceling function is on. A short press activates the turn signals for three flashes. A longer press activates the turn signals for eight seconds and an additional 71 yards (65 meters).
  - **Manual**–The self-canceling function is off. The turn signals must be manually canceled using the turn signal switch.
- Press the Select button to confirm the required selection. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.

Bike Setup–ABS
It is possible to temporarily disable the ABS. The ABS cannot be permanently disabled, it will be automatically enabled when the ignition is turned off and then on again, or if the default riding mode is activated by a long press of the Mode button.

To select the required option:
- From the Bike Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select ABS.
- Press the Right button to view the available options.
- Press the Up and Down buttons to scroll between Enabled and Disabled.
- Press the Select button to confirm the required selection. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.
General Information

Bike Setup—Traction Control (TC)
The Traction Control (TC) system can be temporarily disabled. The Traction Control (TC) system cannot be permanently disabled, it will be automatically enabled when the ignition is turned off and then on again.

To disable or enable the TC system:
• From the Bike Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select TC.
• Press the Right button to view the available options.
• Press the Up and Down buttons to scroll between Enabled and Disabled.
• Press the Select button to confirm the required selection. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.

Bike Setup—Service
The service interval is set to a distance and/or time period.
To review the service interval:
• From the Bike Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Service.

• Press the Right button to show the Service menu.

Using the Up and Down buttons, select the required service interval distance or time.

Trip Setup Menu
The Trip Setup menu allows the configuration of the trip meters.
To access the Trip Setup menu:
• From the Main Menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Trip Setup.
• Press the Right button to show the available options.

Trip 1 Reset
Trip 2 Reset
Trip 2 Display
General Information

Selecting Trip 1 Reset or Trip 2 Reset allows the relevant trip meter to be configured manually or automatically. The trip meter set up procedure is the same for both trip meters.

There are two options:
- **Reset now and continue**–Resets all trip meter data in the relevant trip meter.
- **Continue without reset**–Any trip meter data in the relevant trip meter will not be reset.

**Trip Setup–Automatic Reset**

To set the trip computer to automatically reset:
- From the Trip Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Trip 1 Reset or Trip 2 Reset.
- Press the Up and Down buttons to select Automatic.
- Press the Right button to view the available options.
- Press the Up and Down buttons to select the timer setting required.
- Press the Select button to confirm. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.
- The required time limit is then stored in the trip memory.
- When the ignition is turned off, the trip meter is set to zero when the time period has elapsed.

**Trip Setup–Manual Reset**

To set the trip meter to reset manually:
- From the Trip Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select either Trip 1 Reset or Trip 2 Reset.
- Press the Right button to view the available options.
- Select the required option and press the Select button to confirm.

Manual reset will only reset the selected trip meter when the rider manually chooses to reset it. For more information, see page 47.

Automatic reset will reset each trip meter after the ignition has been switched off for a set time. For more information, see page 47.

Trip meter 2 can be enabled or disabled. For more information, see page 48.
General Information

The following table shows two examples of the automatic trip reset functionality.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ignition Turned Off</th>
<th>Selected Time Delay</th>
<th>Trip Meter Resets to Zero</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10:30 hrs</td>
<td>4 Hours</td>
<td>14:30 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18:00 hrs</td>
<td>16 Hours</td>
<td>10:00 hrs (next day)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Trip 2 Display

The Trip 2 Display menu allows the Trip 2 meter to be enabled or disabled. If Trip 2 is disabled, it will no longer be shown in the information tray.

To enable or disable the Trip 2 meter:
- From the Trip Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Trip 2 Display.
- Press the Right button to view the options.
- Press the Up and Down buttons to scroll between Enabled and Disabled.
- Press the Select button to confirm the selection. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.

Display Setup Menu

The Display Setup menu allows configuration of the different display screen options.

Display Setup–Brightness

There are eight levels of brightness options to select from. Level 8 is the brightest option.

To adjust the brightness:
- From the Display Setup menu, select from 1 to 8 to adjust the brightness.
General Information

Note
In bright sunlight, low brightness settings will be overridden to make sure that the instruments can be viewed at all times.

Display Setup–Visible Tray
The Visible Trays menu allows the selection of the items to be shown in the information tray.

To select the Visible Trays menu:
• From the Display Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select the Visible Trays option.
• Press the Right button to show the available options.
• Press the Up and Down buttons until the required information tray item is highlighted.
• Press the Select button to select/deselect the information tray.
An information tray item with a tick next to it will be shown in the information tray. An information tray item without a tick next to it will not be shown in the information tray.

Display Setup–Gear Shift Ind.
The Gear Shift Ind. option allows the adjustment of the gear shift indicator.

The engine speed threshold can be defined and reset, and the gear shift indicator can be disabled. Once the engine has been broken in (at 1,000 miles), the Running In option is replaced with a Default option.

To adjust the engine speed threshold (RPM) for the gear shift indicator:
• From the Gear Shift Indicator menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select User Defined and press the Select button to confirm.
• Press the Left and Right buttons to scroll through the numbers to select each individual number. Press the Select button to confirm the number.
• Repeat this procedure with each individual number until the required RPM number is shown.
• Click on the Select button to confirm the RPM number.
General Information

To disable the gear shift indicator:

- Press the Up and Down buttons to select Disable and press the Select button to confirm.

Display Setup–Rider Name

The Rider Name menu allows the rider name to be shown in the welcome screen.

To enter a rider’s name:

- From the Display Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Rider Name and press the Select button to confirm.
- Press the Left and Right buttons to scroll through the letters to select the required first letter of the rider’s name.
- Once the required letter is highlighted, click on the Select button to confirm.
- Repeat the procedure until the whole rider name has been selected. There is a limit of 13 letters.
- Once the rider’s name has been completed, select Enter and press the Select button to confirm.
- The rider’s name will now appear on the welcome screen the next time the instruments are started.

Display Setup–Language

The Language menu allows the preferred language to be used as the instrument display language.

To select the required language for the instruments:

- From the Display Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select the Languages option.
- Press the Right button to confirm and display the available language options.
- Scroll the menu by pushing the Up and Down buttons until the required language option is highlighted.
- Press the Select button to select/deselect the required language. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.

Display Setup–Units

The Units menu allows the selection of a preferred unit of measurement.

- Distance/Economy
- Temperature
- Pressure
To select the required units of measurement:
• From the Display Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Units.
• Press the Right button to show the available options.

To change the unit of measurement:
• Press the Up and Down buttons to select the required option.
• Press the Right button to show the available options.
• Press the Select button to confirm. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.

The options available are:
Economy:
• Miles & MPG (UK)
• Miles & MPG (US)
• KM & L/100KM
• KM & KM/L

Temperature:
• °C
• °F

Pressure:
• PSI
• bar
• KPa

**General Information**

**Display Setup–Clock**
The Clock menu allows the adjustment of the clock to be set to the local time.

To set the clock:
• From the Display Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Clock.
• Press the Right button to show the available options.
• Press the Up and Down buttons to select 12 HR or 24 HR clock and press the Select button to confirm selection. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.

The clock will display in either 12 or 24 hour format depending on selection.

To adjust the hour setting:
• Select Hours and press the Right button to be shown the HOURS display.
General Information

- Press the Left and Right buttons to scroll through the numbers to select the correct time. When the number is highlighted, press the Select button to confirm. The number appears below. Repeat this step to select the next number.
- When the hour number is correct, press the Up button until at the top of the display and press the Left button to return to the Clock display.

To adjust the minute setting:
- Select MINUTES and press the Right button to be shown the MINUTES display.
- Press the Left and Right buttons to scroll through the numbers to select the correct time in minutes. When the number is highlighted, press the Select button to confirm. The number appears below. Repeat this step to select the next number.
- When the minute number is correct, press the Up button until at the top of the display screen and press the Left button to return to the Clock display.

Display Setup–Date

The Date option allows the date and date format to be adjusted.

To set the date format:
- From the Display Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Date. Press the Right button to show the available options.
- Press the Up and Down buttons to select Date Format. Press the Right button to show the available options.
- Press the Up and Down buttons to select the required date format option. Press the Select button to confirm the selection. A tick is shown to indicate the selected option.

To set the year:
- From the Display Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Date. Press the Right button to show the available options.
General Information

- Press the Up and Down buttons to select Year. Press the Right button to show the SET YEAR display.

![SET YEAR Display](image)

- Press the Left and Right buttons to scroll through the numbers to select the required first number of the four digit year.

Once the required number is highlighted, click on the Select button to confirm. Repeat the procedure until the year required is shown.

To set the day:

- From the Display Setup menu, press the Up and Down buttons to select Date. Press the Right button to show the available options.

- Press the Up and Down buttons to select Day. Press the Right button to show the SET DAY display.

![SET DAY Display](image)

- Press the Left and Right buttons to scroll through the numbers to select the required day.

Once the required day is highlighted, click on the Select button to confirm.

Reset to Defaults

The Reset to Default option allows the Main Menu display items to be reset to the default setting.

To reset the Main Menu display items:

- From the Main Menu, press the Up or Down buttons to select Reset To Defaults.

- Press the Up or Down buttons to select Confirm or Cancel. Press the Select button to confirm the selection.

![Reset to Defaults Menu](image)

- Confirm—All main menu settings and data will be reset to the factory default values including Riding Modes, Trip Meters, Visible Trays, Language, Traction Control and Display Brightness.

- Cancel—The main menu settings and data will remain unchanged and the display will return to the previous menu level.
General Information

Fuel

![Fuel Grades]

Unleaded fuel only
Carburant san plomb
Gasolina sin plomo
Bleifreies Benzin
Endast blyfri bensin
Benzina senza piombo
Ongelode Brandstof
Combustível sem chumbo

RON/ROZ 95 min. 91

Fuel Grade

Triumph motorcycles are designed to run on unleaded gasoline with a CLC or AKI octane rating \((R+M)/2\) of 87 or higher. Federal regulations require that pumps delivering unleaded gasoline are marked ‘UNLEADED’ and that the Cost of Living Council (CLC) or Anti-Knock Index (AKI) octane rating is also displayed. These ratings are an average of the Research Octane Number (RON) and the Motor Octane Number (MON).

Ethanol

In Europe, Triumph motorcycles are compatible with Ethanol E5 and E10 (5% and 10% Ethanol) unleaded fuel. In all other markets Ethanol up to E25 (25% Ethanol) may be used.

Engine Calibration

In certain circumstances engine calibration may be required. Always refer to your authorized Triumph dealer.

⚠️ Caution

The motorcycle can be permanently damaged if it is allowed to operate with the incorrect grade of fuel or incorrect engine calibration.

Always make sure the fuel used is of the correct grade and quality.

Damage caused by using the incorrect fuel or engine calibration is not considered a manufacturing defect and will not be covered under warranty.

⚠️ Caution

The exhaust system for this motorcycle is equipped with a catalytic converter to help reduce exhaust emission levels.

Use of leaded fuel will damage the catalytic converter. In addition, the catalytic converter can be permanently damaged if the motorcycle is allowed to run out of fuel or if the fuel level is allowed to get very low.

Always make sure you have adequate fuel for your trip.

Note

The use of leaded fuel is illegal in some countries, states or territories.

Note

If ‘knocking’ or ‘pinging’ occurs at a steady engine speed under normal load, use a different brand of gasoline or gasoline which has a higher octane rating.
**Oxygenated Gasoline**

To help in meeting clean air standards, some areas of the U.S. use oxygenated gasoline to help reduce harmful emissions. These gasolines are a blend of conventional gasoline and another compound such as alcohol. This Triumph motorcycle will give its best performance when using unleaded gasoline. However, the following should be used as a guide if you use any oxygenated fuels.

**Ethanol**

Ethanol fuel is a mixture of 10% Ethanol and 90% gasoline and is often described under the names ‘gasohol’, ‘Ethanol enhanced’, or ‘contains Ethanol’. This fuel may be used in your Triumph motorcycle.

**MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether)**

The use of gasolines containing up to 15% MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether) is permitted in this Triumph motorcycle.

**Methanol**

Fuels containing methanol should not be used as damage to components in the fuel system can be caused by contact with methanol.

**Note**

Because of the generally higher volatility of oxygenated fuels, starting, engine response and fuel consumption may be adversely affected by their use. Should any of these difficulties be experienced, run the motorcycle on normal unleaded gasoline.

---

**Refueling**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To help reduce hazards associated with refueling, always observe the following fuel safety instructions:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Gasoline (fuel) is highly flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions. When refueling, turn the ignition switch to the OFF position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Do not smoke.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Do not use a mobile telephone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Make sure the refueling area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks. This includes any appliance with a pilot light.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Never fill the tank until the fuel level rises into the filler neck. Heat from sunlight or other sources may cause the fuel to expand and overflow creating a fire hazard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- After refueling always check that the fuel filler cap is correctly closed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Because gasoline (fuel) is highly flammable, any fuel leak or spillage, or any failure to observe the safety advice given above will lead to a fire hazard, which could cause damage to property, injury to persons or death.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
General Information

Fuel Tank Cap

1. Fuel tank cap
2. Key

To open the fuel tank cap:
• Lift up the fuel tank cap cover.
• Insert the key into the fuel tank cap lock and turn the key clockwise.
• Remove the fuel tank cap and key.

To close and lock the fuel tank cap:
• Replace the fuel tank cap with the key inserted and push down until the lock clicks into place.
• Remove the key and close the fuel tank cap cover.

Caution

Locking the fuel tank cap into place without the key inserted will damage the cap, tank and lock mechanism.

Filling the Fuel Tank

Warning

Overfilling the tank can lead to fuel spillage.
If fuel is spilled, thoroughly clean up the spillage immediately and dispose of the materials used safely.
Take care not to spill any fuel on the engine, exhaust pipes, tires or any other part of the motorcycle.
Because fuel is highly flammable, any fuel leak or spillage, or any failure to observe the safety advice given above may lead to a fire hazard, which could cause damage to property and injury or death to persons.
Fuel spilled near to, or onto the tires will reduce the tires’ ability to grip the road. This will result in a dangerous riding condition potentially causing loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Caution

Avoid filling the tank in rainy or dusty conditions where airborne material can contaminate the fuel.
Contaminated fuel may cause damage to fuel system components.
Fill the fuel tank slowly to help prevent spillage. Do not fill the tank to a level above the bottom of the filler neck. This will make sure there is enough air space to allow for fuel expansion if the fuel inside the tank expands through absorption of heat from the engine or from direct sunlight.

1. Fuel filler neck
2. Maximum fuel level

After refueling always check that the fuel filler cap is correctly closed.

---

**Traction Control (TC)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Traction control is not a substitute for riding appropriately for the prevailing road and weather conditions.

The traction control cannot prevent loss of traction due to:
- Excessive speed when entering turns
- Accelerating at a sharp lean angle
- Braking
- Traction control cannot prevent the front wheel from slipping.

Failure to observe any of the above may result in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Traction control helps to maintain traction when accelerating on wet/slippery road surfaces. If sensors detect that the rear wheel is losing traction (slipping), the traction control system will engage and alter the engine power until traction to the rear wheel has been restored. The traction control warning light will flash while it is engaged and the rider may notice a change to the sound of the engine.

**Note**

Traction control will not function if there is a malfunction with the ABS system. The warning lights for the ABS, traction control and the MIL will be illuminated.
General Information

Traction Control Settings

⚠️ Warning
Do not attempt to adjust the traction control settings while the motorcycle is in motion as this may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

⚠️ Warning
If the traction control is disabled, the motorcycle will handle as normal but without traction control. In this situation accelerating too hard on wet/slippery road surfaces may cause the rear wheel to slip, and may result in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

The traction control can be set as described on page 46.

If traction control is turned OFF, the TC disabled warning light will be illuminated. The traction control defaults to ON after the ignition has been switched OFF and then switched ON again.

Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) (if equipped)

Note
The Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) is available as an accessory option and must be installed by your authorized Triumph dealer. The TPMS display on the instruments will only be activated when the system has been installed.

⚠️ Warning
The daily check of tire pressures must not be excluded because of the installation of the Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS).

Check the tire pressure when the tires are cold using an accurate tire pressure gage, see the Tire section for more information.

Use of the TPMS system to set inflation pressures may lead to incorrect tire pressures leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Tire pressure sensors are mounted to the front and rear wheels. These sensors measure the air pressure inside the tire and transmit pressure data to the instruments. These sensors will not transmit the data until the motorcycle is traveling at a speed greater than 12 mph (20 km/h). Two dashes will be shown in the display area until the tire pressure signal is received.

An adhesive label will be mounted to the wheel rim to indicate the position of the tire pressure sensor, which is near the valve.
### Tire Pressures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) is not to be used as a tire pressure gage when adjusting the tire pressures. For correct tire pressures, always check the tire pressures when the tires are cold using an accurate tire pressure gage. Use of the TPMS system to set inflation pressures may lead to incorrect tire pressures leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Caution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>An adhesive label is installed to the wheel rim to indicate the position of the tire pressure sensor. Care must be taken when replacing the tires to prevent any damage to the tire pressure sensors. Always have your tires mounted by your authorized Triumph dealer and inform them that tire pressure sensors are installed on the wheels.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The tire pressures shown on the instrument panel indicate the actual tire pressure at the time of selecting the display. This may differ from the inflation pressure set when the tires are cold because tires become warmer during riding, causing the air in the tire to expand and the pressure to increase. The cold inflation pressures specified by Triumph take account of this. The tire pressures must only be adjusted when the tires are cold and using an accurate tire pressure gage. The tire pressure display on the instruments must not be used when adjusting the tire pressure. For the recommended tire pressures, see the Specification section.
General Information

Tire Pressure Warning Light (if equipped with TPMS)

⚠️ Warning
Stop the motorcycle if the tire pressure warning light illuminates.
Do not ride the motorcycle until the tires have been checked and the tire pressures are at their recommended pressure when cold.

The tire pressure warning light works in conjunction with the Tire Pressure Monitoring System, see page 58.
The warning light will only illuminate when the front or rear tire pressure is below the recommended pressure. It will not illuminate if the tire is over inflated.
When the warning light is illuminated, the Tire Pressure display will show which tire is the deflated tire. It will also show the tire pressure.

The tire pressure at which the warning light illuminates is temperature compensated to 68°F (20°C) but the numeric pressure display associated with it is not (see page 115). Even if the numeric display seems at or close to the standard tire pressure when the warning light is on, a low tire pressure is indicated and a puncture is the most likely cause.

Tire Pressure Sensor Batteries
When the battery voltage in a pressure sensor is low, a message will be shown in the instrument display and the TPMS symbol or message will indicate which wheel sensor has the low battery voltage. If the batteries are completely flat, only dashes will be shown in the instrument display, the red TPMS warning light will be on and the TPMS symbol will flash continuously. Contact your authorized Triumph dealer to have the sensor replaced and the new serial number recorded in the spaces provided in the Sensor Serial Number section.
With the ignition switch turned to the ON position, if the TPMS symbol flashes continuously or the TPMS warning light remains on there is a fault with the TPMS system. Contact your authorized Triumph dealer to have the fault rectified.

Tire Pressure Sensor Serial Number
The serial number for the tire pressure sensor is printed on a label attached to the sensor. This number may be required by your authorized Triumph dealer for service or diagnostics.
When the tire pressure monitoring system is being installed to the motorcycle, make sure that your authorized Triumph dealer records the serial numbers of the front and rear tire pressure sensors in the spaces provided below.

**Front Tire Pressure Sensor**

**Rear Tire Pressure Sensor**

**Replacement Tires**
When replacing tyres, always have an authorized Triumph dealer fit your tyres and make sure they are aware that tyre pressure sensors are fitted to the wheels.

### Side Stand

**Warning**
The motorcycle is equipped with an interlock system to prevent it from being ridden with the side stand in the down position.

Never attempt to ride with the side stand down or interfere with the interlock mechanism as this will cause a dangerous riding condition leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Warning**
Do not lean, sit or climb on the motorcycle when it is supported on the side stand.

This may cause the motorcycle to fall over leading to motorcycle damage and an accident.

1. **Side stand**
The motorcycle is equipped with a side stand on which the motorcycle can be parked.
When using the side stand, always turn the handlebars fully to the left and leave the motorcycle in first gear.
Whenever the side stand is used, before riding, always make sure that the side stand is fully up after first sitting on the motorcycle.
For instructions on safe parking, refer to the How to Ride the Motorcycle section.

Seat

⚠️ Caution

To prevent damage to the seats or seat covers, care must be taken not to drop the seats.
Do not lean the seats against the motorcycle or any surface which may damage the seats or seat covers. Instead, place the seats, with the seat cover facing upwards, on a clean, flat surface which is covered with a soft cloth.
Do not place any item on the seats which may cause damage or staining to the seat covers.

For more information on seat care, see page 136.
General Information

Seat Lock

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To prevent detachment of the seat during riding, after installation always grasp the seat and pull firmly upwards. If the seat is not correctly secured in the lock, it will detach from the lock. A loose or detached seat may cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Seat lock

The seat lock is located on the left hand side of the motorcycle, on the frame below the seat. The seat can be removed to gain access to the battery and the fuse box.

Seat Removal and Installation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
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<td>To prevent detachment of the seat during riding, after installation always grasp the seat and pull firmly upwards. If the seat is not correctly secured in the lock, it will detach from the lock. A loose or detached seat may cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To remove the seat:
- Insert the ignition key into the seat lock and turn it counterclockwise. This will release the seat from its lock.
- Slide the seat upwards and rearwards for complete removal from the motorcycle.

To reinstall the seat:
- Engage the seat’s tongue underneath the bracket near the fuel tank.
- Line up the hinges and press down at the rear to engage the seat lock.

Note
An audible click can be heard when the seat is fully engaged into its lock.
General Information

Owner’s Handbook and Tool Kit

Owner’s Handbook
The Owner’s Handbook is supplied with the motorcycle.

Tool Kit
There is an Allen key located on the underside of the seat.
A tool kit is supplied with the motorcycle which includes a C spanner.

Breaking-In

Breaking-in is the name given to the process that occurs during the first hours of a new vehicle’s operation.

In particular, internal friction in the engine will be higher when components are new. Later on, when continued operation of the engine has ensured that the components have ‘bedded in’, this internal friction will be greatly reduced.

A period of careful breaking-in will ensure lower exhaust emissions, and will optimize performance, fuel economy and longevity of the engine and other motorcycle components.

During the first 500 miles (800 km):
• Do not use full throttle;
• Avoid high engine speeds at all times;
• Avoid riding at one constant engine speed, whether fast or slow, for a long period of time;
• Avoid aggressive starts, stops, and rapid accelerations, except in an emergency;
• Do not ride at speeds greater than 3/4 of maximum speed.

From 500 to 1,000 miles (800 to 1,500 km):
• Engine speed can gradually be increased to the rev limit for short periods.
Both during and after breaking-in has been completed:

- Do not overrev the engine when cold;
- Do not lug the engine. Always downshift before the engine begins to 'struggle';
- Do not ride with engine speeds unnecessarily high. Shifting up a gear helps reduce fuel consumption, reduces noise and helps to protect the environment.

---

**Daily Safety Checks**

**Warning**

Failure to perform these checks every day before you ride may result in serious motorcycle damage or an accident causing serious injury or death.

Check the following items each day before you ride. The time required is minimal, and these checks will help ensure a safe, reliable ride.

If any irregularities are found during these checks, refer to the Maintenance and Adjustment section or see your authorized Triumph dealer for the action required to return the motorcycle to a safe operating condition.

Check the following:

**Fuel:** Adequate supply in tank, no fuel leaks (page 54).

**Engine Oil:** Correct level on dipstick. Add correct specification oil as required. No leaks from the engine or oil cooler (page 91).

**Drive Chain:** Correct adjustment (page 101).

**Tires/Wheels:** Correct inflation pressures (when cold). Tread depth/wear, tire/wheel damage, punctures etc. (page 115).
Nuts, Bolts, Fasteners: Visually check that steering and suspension components, axles, and all controls are properly tightened or fastened. Inspect all areas for loose/damaged fasteners.

Steering Action: Smooth but not loose from lock to lock. No binding of any of the control cables (page 111).

Brakes: Pull the brake lever and push the brake pedal to check for correct resistance. Investigate any lever/pedal where the travel is excessive before meeting resistance, or if either control feels spongy in operation (page 104).

Brake Pads: Check that the correct amount of friction material is remaining on all the brake pads (page 104).

Brake Fluid Levels: No brake fluid leakage. Brake fluid levels must be between the MAX and MIN marks on both reservoirs (page 107).

Front Forks: Smooth action. No leaks from fork seals (page 113).

Throttle: Make sure that the throttle grip returns to the idle position without sticking (page 28).

Clutch: Smooth operation and correct cable free play (page 99).

Coolant: No coolant leakage. Check the coolant level in the expansion tank (when the engine is cold) (page 95).

Electrical Equipment: All lights and the horn function correctly (page 125).

Engine Stop: Stop switch turns the engine off (page 68).

Stand: Returns to the fully up position by spring tension. Return springs not weak or damaged (page 61).
How to Ride the Motorcycle

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How to Ride the Motorcycle

Stopping the Engine

⚠️ Caution

The engine should normally be stopped by turning the ignition switch to the OFF position.
The engine stop switch is for emergency use only. Do not leave the ignition switched on with the engine stopped. Electrical damage may result.

Starting the Engine

⚠️ Warning

Never start the engine or run the engine in a confined area. Exhaust fumes are poisonous and can cause loss of consciousness and death within a short period of time. Always operate the motorcycle in the open air or in an area with adequate ventilation.

1. Neutral indicator
2. Neutral warning light
3. OFF position on the ignition switch
4. STOP position on the engine start/stop switch

To stop the engine:
• Close the throttle completely.
• Select neutral.
• Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position.
• Select first gear.
• Support the motorcycle on a firm, level surface with the side stand.
• Lock the steering.
How to Ride the Motorcycle

Caution

Do not operate the starter continuously for more than five seconds as the starter motor will overheat and the battery will become discharged.

Wait 15 seconds between each operation of the starter to allow for cooling and recovery of battery power. Do not let the engine idle for long periods as this may lead to overheating which will cause damage to the engine.

Note

When the ignition is switched on, the instrument warning lights will illuminate and will then go off (except those which normally remain on until the engine starts, see page 32).

A transponder is installed within the key to turn off the engine immobilizer. To make sure the immobilizer functions correctly, always have only one of the ignition keys near the ignition switch. Having two ignition keys near the switch may interrupt the signal between the transponder and the engine immobilizer. In this situation the engine immobilizer will remain active until one of the ignition keys is removed.

- Leaving the throttle fully closed, push the starter button until the engine starts.
- Slowly release the clutch lever.

Caution

The low oil pressure warning light should go out shortly after the engine starts.

If the low oil pressure warning light stays on after starting the engine, stop the engine immediately and investigate the cause.

Running the engine with low oil pressure will cause severe engine damage.

1. RUN position on the engine start/stop switch
2. START position on the engine start/stop switch
3. Neutral indicator
4. Neutral warning light
5. ON position on the ignition switch

To start the engine:
- Check that the stop switch is in the RUN position.
- Make sure the transmission is in neutral.
- Pull the clutch lever fully into the handlebar.
- Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
How to Ride the Motorcycle

- The motorcycle is equipped with starter lockout switches. The switches prevent the electric starter from operating when a gear is engaged with the side stand down.
- If the side stand is extended while the engine is running, and the transmission is not in neutral then the engine will stop regardless of clutch position.

Moving Off

To move the motorcycle:
- Pull in the clutch lever and select first gear.
- Open the throttle a little and let out the clutch lever slowly.
- As the clutch starts to engage, open the throttle a little more, allowing enough engine speed to avoid stalling.
Shifting Gears

⚠️ Warning

Take care to avoid opening the throttle too far or too fast in any of the lower gears as this can lead to the front wheel lifting from the ground (pulling a ‘wheelie’) and to the rear tire breaking traction (wheel spin).

Always open the throttle cautiously, particularly if you are unfamiliar with the motorcycle, as a ‘wheelie’ or loss of traction will cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

⚠️ Warning

Do not shift to a lower gear at speeds that will cause excessive engine rpm (r/min).

This can lock the rear wheel causing loss of control and an accident. Engine damage may also be caused.

Shifting down should be done such that low engine speeds will be ensured.

To shift gear:
- Close the throttle while pulling in the clutch lever.
- Shift into the next higher or lower gear.
- Open the throttle part way, while releasing the clutch lever.
- Always use the clutch when shifting gear.

Note

The gear shift mechanism is the ‘positive stop’ type. This means that, for each movement of the gear shift pedal, you can only select each gear, one after the other, in ascending or descending order.

Note

For models equipped with Triumph Shift Assist (TSA), see page 72.
Triumph Shift Assist (TSA) (if equipped)

⚠️ Caution
In the event of a TSA system fault when riding, the TSA system will be disabled.
Use the clutch to shift gears in the normal way otherwise damage to the engine or gear box may occur.
Contact a Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.

⚠️ Caution
Shifting gears must be completed with a quick and forceful pedal movement, making sure that the pedal moves through its full range of travel.
Always take care when shifting gears. After a gear shift, the pedal must be fully released before another gear shift can be made.
Incorrect gear shifts can cause damage to the engine and transmission.

Triumph Shift Assist (TSA) adjusts the engine torque to allow gears to engage, without closure of the throttle twist grip or operation of the clutch.
TSA is not an automatic system for shifting gears. Gears must be selected and shifted in the normal way using the gear pedal as described on page 71.

TSA works for both up shifts and down shifts of gear. The clutch must be used for stopping and pulling away. The clutch must be used when selecting any gear from neutral, and also when selecting neutral from any other gear.

Triumph Shift Assist will not operate if:
• The clutch is applied.
• An up shift is attempted by mistake when in 6th gear.
• A down shift is attempted by mistake when in 1st gear.
• An up shift is attempted at very low engine speeds.
• A down shift is attempted at very high engine speeds.
• An up shift is attempted during overrun.
• Traction control is operating.
• If the previous gear has not fully engaged.
• The throttle is changed during a shift.

If TSA does not operate, the clutch can be used to shift gears in the normal way.
For more information on enabling and disabling the TSA functionality, see page 44.
Braking

1. Front brake lever

1. Rear brake pedal

⚠️ **Warning**

WHEN BRAKING, OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING:

- Close the throttle completely, leaving the clutch engaged to allow the engine to help slow down the motorcycle.
- Shift down one gear at a time such that the transmission is in first gear when the motorcycle comes to a complete stop.
- When stopping, always apply both brakes at the same time. Normally the front brake should be applied a little more than the rear.
- Shift down or fully disengage the clutch as necessary to keep the engine from stalling.
- Never lock the brakes, as this may cause loss of control of the motorcycle and an accident.

⚠️ **Warning**

For emergency braking, disregard down shifting, and concentrate on applying the front and rear brakes as hard as possible without skidding. Riders should practice emergency braking in a traffic-free area.

Triumph strongly recommends that all riders take a course of instruction, which includes advice on safe brake operation. Incorrect brake technique could result in loss of control and an accident.
### Warning
For your safety, always exercise extreme caution when braking, accelerating or turning as any improper action can cause loss of control and an accident. Independent use of the front or rear brakes reduces overall braking performance. Extreme braking may cause either wheel to lock, reducing control of the motorcycle and causing an accident (see ABS warnings).

When possible, reduce speed or brake before entering a turn as closing the throttle or braking in mid-turn may cause wheel slip leading to loss of control and an accident.

When riding in wet or rainy conditions, or on loose surfaces, the ability to maneuver and stop will be reduced. All of your actions should be smooth under these conditions. Sudden acceleration, braking or turning may cause loss of control and an accident.

### Warning
When descending a long, steep gradient or mountain pass, make use of the engine’s braking effect by downshifting and use both front and rear brakes intermittently.

Continuous brake application or use of the rear brake only can overheat the brakes and reduce their effectiveness leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Warning
Riding with your foot on the brake pedal or your hands on the brake lever may actuate the brake light, giving a false indication to other road users. It may also overheat the brake, reducing braking effectiveness leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Warning
Do not coast with the engine switched off, and do not tow the motorcycle. The transmission is pressure lubricated only when the engine is running. Inadequate lubrication may cause damage or seizure of the transmission, which can lead to sudden loss of motorcycle control and an accident.
### Anti-lock Braking System (ABS)

**Warning**

ABS prevents the wheels from locking, therefore maximizing the effectiveness of the braking system in emergencies and when riding on slippery surfaces. The potentially shorter braking distances ABS allows under certain conditions are not a substitute for good riding practice.

Always ride within the legal speed limit.

Never ride without due care and attention and always reduce speed in consideration of weather, road and traffic conditions.

Take care when cornering. If the brakes are applied in a corner, ABS will not be able to counteract the weight and momentum of the motorcycle. This can result in loss of control and an accident.

Under some circumstances it is possible that a motorcycle equipped with ABS may require a longer stopping distance.

**Note**

The ABS operation may feel like a harder pedal pressure or a pulsation of the brake lever and pedal.

The ABS is not an integrated braking system and does not control both the front and rear brake at the same time so this pulsation may be felt in the lever, the pedal or both.

The ABS may be activated by sudden upward or downward changes in the road surface.

**Warning**

If the ABS is not functioning, the brake system will continue to function as a non-ABS equipped brake system.

In this situation, braking too hard will cause the wheels to lock resulting in loss of control and an accident.

Reduce speed and do not continue to ride for longer than is necessary with the indicator light illuminated. Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.

**Warning**

The ABS warning light will illuminate when the rear wheel is driven at high speed for more than 30 seconds when the motorcycle is on a stand. This reaction is normal.

When the ignition is switched off and the motorcycle is restarted, the warning light will illuminate until the motorcycle reaches a speed exceeding 19 mph (30 km/h).
How to Ride the Motorcycle

⚠️ Warning

The ABS system operates by comparing the relative speed of the front and rear wheels. Use of non-recommended tires can affect wheel speed and cause the ABS function not to operate, potentially leading to loss of control and an accident in conditions where the ABS would normally function.

Parking

⚠️ Warning

The engine and exhaust system will be hot after riding.

DO NOT park where pedestrians and children are likely to touch the motorcycle.

Touching any part of the engine or exhaust system when hot may cause unprotected skin to become burnt.

⚠️ Warning

Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions.

If parking inside a garage or other structure, be sure it is well ventilated and the motorcycle is not close to any source of flame or sparks. This includes any appliance with a pilot light.

Failure to follow the above advice may cause a fire resulting in damage to property or personal injury.
Warning

Do not park on a soft or steeply inclined surface. Parking under these conditions may cause the motorcycle to fall over causing damage to property and personal injury.

To park the motorcycle:

- Select neutral and turn the ignition switch to the OFF position.
- Select first gear.
- Lock the steering to help prevent theft.
- Always park on a firm, level surface to prevent the motorcycle from falling. This is particularly important when parking off-road.
- When parking on a hill, always park facing uphill to prevent the motorcycle from rolling off the stand. Engage first gear to prevent the motorcycle from moving.
- On a lateral (sideways) incline, always park such that the incline naturally pushes the motorcycle towards the side stand.

- Do not park on a lateral (sideways) incline of greater than 6° and never park facing downhill.
- Do not leave the switch in the P position for long periods of time as this will discharge the battery.

Note

When parking near traffic at night, or when parking in a location where parking lights are required by law, leave the tail, license plate and position lights on by turning the ignition switch to P (PARK).
Considerations for High Speed Operation

**Warning**

This Triumph motorcycle should be operated within the legal speed limits for the particular road traveled.

Operating a motorcycle at high speeds can be potentially dangerous since the time available to react to given traffic situations is greatly reduced as road speed increases.

Always reduce speed in potentially hazardous driving conditions such as bad weather or heavy traffic.

**Warning**

Only operate this Triumph motorcycle at high speed in closed-course on-road competition or on closed-course racetracks.

High speed operation should only then be attempted by riders who have been instructed in the techniques necessary for high speed riding and are familiar with the motorcycle’s characteristics in all conditions.

High speed operation in any other circumstances is dangerous and will lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Warning**

The handling characteristics of a motorcycle at high speed may vary from those you are familiar with at legal road speeds.

Do not attempt high speed operation unless you have received sufficient training and have the required skills as a serious accident may result from incorrect operation.

**Warning**

The items listed below are extremely important and must never be neglected. A problem, which may not be noticed at normal operating speeds, may be greatly exaggerated at high speeds.

**General**

Make sure that the motorcycle has been maintained according to the scheduled maintenance chart.

**Brakes**

Check that the front and rear brakes are functioning correctly.

**Coolant**

Check that the coolant level is at the upper level line in the expansion tank. Always check the level with the engine cold.

**Electrical Equipment**

Make sure that all electrical equipment such as the headlight, rear/brake light, turn signals and horn all work correctly.
How to Ride the Motorcycle

**Engine Oil**
Check that the engine oil level is correct. Make sure that the correct grade and type of oil is used when topping off.

**Drive Chain**
Make sure that the drive chain is correctly adjusted and lubricated. Inspect the chain for wear and damage.

**Fuel**
Have sufficient fuel for the increased fuel consumption that will result from high speed operation.

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**Caution**
In many countries, the exhaust system for this model is equipped with a catalytic converter to help reduce exhaust emission levels. The catalytic converter can be permanently damaged if the motorcycle is allowed to run out of fuel or if the fuel level is allowed to get very low. Always make sure you have adequate fuel for your trip.

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**Luggage**
Make sure that any luggage containers are closed, locked and securely installed on the motorcycle.

**Miscellaneous**
Visually check that all fasteners are tight.

**Steering**
Check that the handlebar turns smoothly without excessive free play or tight spots. Make sure that the control cables do not restrict the steering in any way.

**Tires**
High speed operation is hard on tires, and tires that are in good condition are crucial to riding safely. Examine their overall condition, inflate to the correct pressure (when the tires are cold), and check the wheel balance. Securely install the valve caps after checking tire pressures. Observe the information given in the maintenance and specification sections on tire checking and tire safety.
Accessories, Loading and Passengers

The addition of accessories and carrying of additional weight can affect the motorcycle’s handling characteristics causing changes in stability and necessitating a reduction in speed. The following information has been prepared as a guide to the potential hazards of adding accessories to a motorcycle and carrying passengers and additional loads.

Accessories

⚠️ Warning

Do not install accessories or carry luggage that impairs the control of the motorcycle.

Make sure that you have not adversely affected any lighting component, road clearance, banking capability (i.e. lean angle), control operation, wheel travel, front fork movement, visibility in any direction, or any other aspect of the motorcycle’s operation.

⚠️ Warning

Owners should be aware that the only approved parts, accessories and conversions for any Triumph motorcycle are those which carry official Triumph approval and are installed to the motorcycle by an authorized dealer.

In particular, it is extremely hazardous to install or replace parts or accessories whose installation requires the dismantling of, or addition to, either the electrical or fuel systems and any such modification could cause a safety hazard.

The installation of any non-approved parts, accessories or conversions may adversely affect the handling, stability or other aspect of the motorcycle operation that may result in an accident causing injury or death.

Triumph does not accept any liability whatsoever for defects caused by the installation of non-approved parts, accessories or conversions or the installation of any approved parts, accessories or conversions by non-approved personnel.
Accessories, Loading and Passengers

⚠️ Warning

Install only genuine Triumph accessories to the correct Triumph motorcycle model.
Always check the Triumph Fitting Instruction associated with the genuine Triumph accessory. Make sure the Triumph motorcycle model that the Triumph accessory is to be installed on, is listed as approved for the genuine Triumph accessory. For all Triumph Fitting Instructions, see www.triumphinstructions.com.
Never install genuine Triumph accessories to a Triumph motorcycle model that is not listed in the associated Triumph Fitting Instruction, as this may affect handling, stability or other aspects of the motorcycle operation that may result in an accident causing severe injuries or death.

⚠️ Warning

Never ride an accessory equipped motorcycle, or a motorcycle carrying a payload of any kind, at speeds above 80 mph (130 km/h). In either/both of these conditions, speeds in excess of 80 mph (130 km/h) should not be attempted even where the legal speed limit permits this.
The presence of accessories and/or payload will cause changes in the stability and handling of the motorcycle.
Failure to allow for changes in motorcycle stability may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident. When riding at high speed, always be aware that various motorcycle configuration and environmental factors can adversely affect the stability of your motorcycle. For example:
- Incorrectly balanced loads on both sides of the motorcycle
- Incorrectly adjusted front and rear suspension settings
- Incorrectly adjusted tire pressures
- Excessively or unevenly worn tires
- Side winds and turbulence from other vehicles
- Loose clothing.
Remember that the 80 mph (130 km/h) absolute limit will be reduced by the installation of non-approved accessories, incorrect loading, worn tires, overall motorcycle condition and poor road or weather conditions.
Loading

⚠️ Warning
Always make sure that any loads carried are evenly distributed on both sides of the motorcycle. Make sure that the load is correctly secured so that it will not move around while the motorcycle is in motion.

Evenly distribute the load within each pannier (if equipped). Pack heavy items at the bottom and on the inboard side of the pannier.

Always check the load security regularly (though not while the motorcycle is in motion) and make sure that the load does not extend beyond the rear of the motorcycle.

Never exceed the maximum vehicle loading weight as specified in the Specifications section.

This maximum loading weight is made up from the combined weight of the rider, passenger, any accessories installed and any load carried.

For models that have adjustable suspension settings, make sure that front and rear spring preload and damping settings are suitable for the loading condition of the motorcycle.

Note the maximum permissible payload for the panniers is stated on a label inside the pannier.

Incorrect loading may result in an unsafe riding condition leading to an accident.

⚠️ Warning
Never attempt to store any items between the frame and the fuel tank. This can restrict the steering and will cause loss of control leading to an accident.

Weight attached to the handlebar or front fork will increase the mass of the steering assembly and can result in loss of steering control leading to an accident.

⚠️ Warning
The maximum safe load for each pannier is stated on a label inside the pannier.

Never exceed this loading limit as this may cause the motorcycle to become unstable leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.
Accessories, Loading and Passengers

**Warning**

If the passenger seat is used to carry small objects, they must not exceed 11 lb (5 kg) in weight, must not impair control of the motorcycle, must be securely attached and must not extend beyond the rear or sides of the motorcycle.

Carrying objects in excess of 11 lb (5 kg) in weight, that are insecure, impair control or extend beyond the rear or sides of the motorcycle may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Even if small objects are correctly loaded onto the passenger seat, the maximum speed of the motorcycle must be reduced to 80 mph (130 km/h).

**Passengers**

**Warning**

The handling and braking capabilities of a motorcycle will be affected by the presence of a passenger.

The rider must make allowances for these changes when operating the motorcycle with a passenger and should not attempt such operation unless trained to do so and without becoming familiar and comfortable with the changes in motorcycle operating characteristics that this brings about.

Motorcycle operation without making allowances for the presence of a passenger could lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Warning**

Do not carry a passenger unless they are tall enough to reach the footrests provided.

A passenger who is not tall enough to reach the footrests will be unable to sit securely on the motorcycle and may cause instability leading to loss of control and an accident.

**Warning**

Your passenger should be instructed that they can cause loss of motorcycle control by making sudden movements or by adopting an incorrect seated position.

The rider should instruct the passenger as follows:

- It is important that the passenger sits still while the motorcycle is in motion and does not interfere with the operation of the motorcycle.
- To keep their feet on the passenger footrests and to firmly hold onto the seat strap or the rider’s waist or hips.
- Advise the passenger to lean with the rider when traveling around corners and not to lean unless the rider does so.

**Warning**

Do not carry animals on your motorcycle.

An animal could make sudden and unpredictable movements that could lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.
Maintenance

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Scheduled Maintenance

⚠️ Warning

Triumph Motorcycles cannot accept any responsibility for damage or injury resulting from incorrect maintenance or improper adjustment carried out by the owner.

Incorrect or neglected maintenance can lead to a dangerous riding condition.

Always have an authorized Triumph dealer carry out the scheduled maintenance of this motorcycle.

⚠️ Warning

All maintenance is vitally important and must not be neglected. Incorrect maintenance or adjustment may cause one or more parts of the motorcycle to malfunction. A malfunctioning motorcycle may lead to loss of control and an accident.

Weather, terrain and geographical location affect maintenance. The maintenance schedule should be adjusted to match the particular environment in which the motorcycle is used and the demands of the individual owner.

Special tools, knowledge and training are required in order to correctly carry out the maintenance items listed in the scheduled maintenance chart. Only an authorized Triumph dealer will have this knowledge and equipment.

Incorrect or neglected maintenance can lead to a dangerous riding condition. Always have an authorized Triumph dealer carry out the scheduled maintenance of this motorcycle.

To maintain the motorcycle in a safe and reliable condition, the maintenance and adjustments outlined in this section must be carried out as specified in the schedule of daily checks, and also in line with the scheduled maintenance chart. The information that follows describes the procedures to follow when carrying out the daily checks and some simple maintenance and adjustment items.
Scheduled maintenance may be carried out by your authorized Triumph dealer in three ways: annual maintenance, mileage based maintenance or a combination of both, depending on the mileage the motorcycle travels each year.

1. Motorcycles traveling less than 10,000 miles (16,000 km) per year must be maintained annually. In addition to this, mileage based items require maintenance at their specified intervals, as the motorcycle reaches this mileage.

2. Motorcycles traveling approximately 10,000 miles (16,000 km) per year must have the annual maintenance and the specified mileage based items carried out together.

3. Motorcycles traveling more than 10,000 miles (16,000 km) per year must have the mileage based items maintained as the motorcycle reaches the specified mileage. In addition to this, annual based items will require maintenance at their specified annual intervals.

In all cases maintenance must be carried out at or before the specified maintenance intervals shown. Consult an authorized Triumph dealer for advice on which maintenance schedule is most suitable for your motorcycle.

Triumph Motorcycles cannot accept any responsibility for damage or injury resulting from incorrect maintenance or improper adjustment.

Service Symbol/General Warning Symbol

The service symbol will illuminate for five seconds after the motorcycle start up sequence as a reminder that a service is due in approximately 60 miles (100 km). The service symbol will illuminate permanently when the mileage is reached, it will remain permanently illuminated until the service interval is reset using the Triumph Diagnostic tool.

The general warning symbol will flash if an ABS or engine management fault has occurred and the ABS and/or MIL warning lights are illuminated. Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.

Note

Items marked * in the following table are subject to additional labor charge, above the cost and time allowance for the basic service, which includes time to check only.
## Scheduled Maintenance Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation description</th>
<th>Odometer Reading in Miles (km) or Time Period, whichever comes first</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>First Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Daily 600 Mile (1,000 km)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lubrication</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine and oil cooler-check for leaks</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine oil-replace</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine oil filter-replace</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel System and Engine Management</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel system-check for leaks</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoscan-carry out a full Autoscan using the Triumph diagnostic tool (print a customer copy)</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air filter-replace (replace more often if consistently riding in wet or dusty conditions)</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark plugs-replace</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling System</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling system-check for leaks</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant level-check/adjust</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling system-check coolant hoses for chafing, cracks or damage. Replace if necessary</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant-replace-every 3 years, regardless of mileage*</td>
<td>Every 3 years, regardless of mileage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch-check operation</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch cable-check function and adjust as necessary (models equipped with a cable clutch only)</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch cable-check function and adjust as necessary (models fitted with a cable clutch only)</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve clearances-check/adjust*</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft timing-check/adjust*</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheels and Tires</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheels-inspect for damage</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tire wear/tire damage-check</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tire pressures-check/adjust</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheel bearings-check for wear/smooth operation</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering and Suspension</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering-check for free operation</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front and rear suspension-check for damage/leaks/smooth operation</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headstock bearings-check/adjust-except first service</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear suspension unit and linkage-lubricate (single rear suspension unit models only)</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fork oil-replace</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

*Every 3 years, regardless of mileage
## Maintenance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation description</th>
<th>Odometer Reading in Miles (km) or Time Period, whichever comes first</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>First Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Daily 600 Mile (1,000 km) 6 Month Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swinging arm spindle–lubricate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brakes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake system–check operation</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake pads–check wear levels*</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake fluid levels–check</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake fluid–replace–every 2 years, regardless of mileage*</td>
<td>Every two years, regardless of mileage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Drive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive chain slack–check/adjust</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive chain rubbing strip–check for wear, cracks or damage*</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive chain–wear check*</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive chain–lubricate</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lights, instruments and electrical systems–check/adjust</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank angle indicators–check for wear*</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Center and/or side stand–check for wear/smooth operation</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instruments and engine ECM–check for latest calibration download using the Triumph diagnostic tool</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carry out all outstanding Service Bulletin and warranty work</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carry out road test</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complete the service record book and reset the service indicator (if equipped)</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Maintenance

Engine Oil

⚠️ Warning

Motorcycle operation with insufficient, deteriorated, or contaminated engine oil will cause accelerated engine wear and may result in engine or transmission seizure.

Seizure of the engine or transmission may lead to sudden loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

In order for the engine, transmission, and clutch to function correctly, maintain the engine oil at the correct level, and change the engine oil and oil filter in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

Engine Oil Level Inspection

⚠️ Warning

Never start the engine or run the engine in a confined area. Exhaust fumes are poisonous and can cause loss of consciousness and death within a short period of time. Always operate the motorcycle in the open air or in an area with adequate ventilation.

⚠️ Caution

Running the engine with insufficient engine oil will cause engine damage. If the low oil pressure indicator remains on, stop the engine immediately and investigate the situation.

To inspect the engine oil level:
- Start the engine and run at idle for approximately five minutes.
Maintenance

• Stop the engine, then wait for at least three minutes for the oil to settle.

Note
An accurate indication of the level of oil in the engine is only shown when the engine is at normal operating temperature, the motorcycle is upright (not on the side stand) and when the dipstick has been fully tightened.

Do not add oil through the dipstick hole in the crankcase.
• Remove the dipstick.
• The oil level is indicated by lines on the dipstick. When full, the indicated oil level must be level with the upper marking on the dipstick.
• If the oil level is below the lower marking, remove the filler plug and add oil a little at a time through the filler plug hole in the clutch cover until the correct level is reached.
• Once the correct level is reached, install and tighten the filler plug.

Engine Oil and Filter Change

Warning
The engine oil may be hot.
Avoid contact with the hot engine oil by wearing suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye protection.
Contact with hot engine oil may cause the skin to be scalded or burned.

Warning
If the engine has recently been running, the exhaust system will be hot.
Before working on or near the exhaust system, allow sufficient time for the exhaust system to cool as touching any part of a hot exhaust system could cause burn injuries.

The engine oil and engine oil filter must be replaced in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

Prolonged or repeated contact with engine oil can lead to skin dryness, irritation and dermatitis.
Used engine oil contains harmful contamination that can lead to skin cancer.
Always wear suitable protective clothing and avoid skin contact with used oil.

1. Oil filter
2. Oil drain plug
To change the engine oil and engine oil filter:

- Warm up the engine thoroughly, and then stop the engine and secure the motorcycle in an upright position on level ground.
- Place an oil drain pan beneath the engine.
- Remove the oil drain plug.
- Unscrew and remove the oil filter using Triumph service tool T3880313. Dispose of the old oil filter in an environmentally friendly way.
- Apply a thin smear of clean engine oil to the sealing ring of the new oil filter. Install the oil filter and tighten to 89 lbf in (10 Nm).
- After the oil has completely drained out, install a new sealing washer to the drain plug. Install and tighten the drain plug to 18 lbf ft (25 Nm).
- Fill the engine with a Semi or fully synthetic 10W/40 or 10W/50 motorcycle engine oil which meets specification API SH (or higher) and JASO MA, such as Castrol Power 1 Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) engine oil, sold as Castrol Power RS Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) in some countries.
- Start the engine and allow it to idle for a minimum of 30 seconds.

⚠️ Caution

Raising the engine speed above idle before the oil reaches all parts of the engine can cause engine damage or seizure.
Only raise engine speed after running the engine for 60 seconds to allow the engine oil to circulate fully.

⚠️ Caution

If the engine oil pressure is too low, the low oil pressure warning light will illuminate. If this light stays on when the engine is running, stop the engine immediately and investigate the cause.
Running the engine with low oil pressure will cause engine damage.

- Make sure that the low oil pressure warning light remains off and the oil pressure message is not shown in the instrument display screen.
- Stop the engine and recheck the oil level. Adjust if necessary.

Disposal of Used Engine Oil and Oil Filters

To protect the environment, do not pour oil on the ground, down sewers or drains, or into groundwater sources. Do not place used oil filters in with general waste. If in doubt, contact your local authority.
Maintenance

Engine Oil Specification and Grade (10W/40 & 10W/50)

Triumph’s high performance fuel injected engines are designed to use 10W/40 or 10W/50 semi or fully synthetic motorcycle engine oil that meets specification API SH (or higher) and JASO MA, such as Castrol Power 1 Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) engine oil, sold as Castrol Power RS Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) in some countries.

Refer to the chart below for the correct oil viscosity (10W/40 or 10W/50) to be used in your riding area.

Oil Viscosity Temperature Range

Do not add any chemical additives to the engine oil. The engine oil also lubricates the clutch and any additives could cause the clutch to slip.

Do not use mineral, vegetable, non-detergent oil, castor based oils or any oil not conforming to the required specification. The use of these oils may cause instant, severe engine damage.

Make sure that no foreign matter enters the crankcase during an engine oil change or top off.

Cooling System

To ensure efficient engine cooling, check the coolant level each day before riding the motorcycle, and top off the coolant if the level is low.

Note
The motorcycle is equipped with D2053 coolant, a year round, Organic Additive Technology (known as OAT) coolant when it leaves the factory. It is colored orange, and contains a 50% solution of monoethylene glycol based antifreeze.

D2053 coolant, as supplied by Triumph, provides freeze protection to -40°C (-40°F).
Corrosion Inhibitors

⚠️ Warning

D2053 OAT coolant contains corrosion inhibitors and antifreeze suitable for aluminum engines and radiators. Always use the coolant in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.

Coolant contains toxic chemicals that are harmful to the human body. Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe irritation. Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye protection when handling coolant.

If coolant is inhaled, remove the person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. In case of doubt or persistent symptoms, seek medical attention.

If coolant gets on your skin, flush with water immediately. Remove contaminated clothing.

If coolant gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

If coolant is swallowed, rinse the mouth with water and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

KEEP COOLANT OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

Note

D2053 OAT coolant, as supplied by Triumph, is premixed and does not need to be diluted prior to filling or topping off the cooling system.

To protect the cooling system from corrosion, the use of corrosion inhibitor chemicals in the coolant is essential.

If coolant containing a corrosion inhibitor is not used, the cooling system will accumulate rust and scale in the water jacket and radiator. This will block the coolant passages, and considerably reduce the efficiency of the cooling system.

Coolants of different types must not be mixed. Mixing coolants of different types will reduce the performance of the coolant and reduce its life. When replacing coolant, it is recommended to thoroughly flush the cooling system with clean water.

Coolant Level Inspection

Note

The coolant level should be checked when the engine is cold (at room or ambient temperature).

1. Expansion tank cover
2. Expansion tank
3. MAX mark
4. MIN mark

1. Expansion tank cover
2. Expansion tank
3. MAX mark
4. MIN mark
To inspect the coolant level:

- Position the motorcycle on level ground and in an upright position. The expansion tank can be viewed from the left hand side of the motorcycle, below and towards the front of the fuel tank.
- Check the coolant level in the expansion tank. The coolant level must be between the MAX and MIN marks.
- If the coolant is below the minimum level, the coolant level must be adjusted.

### Coolant Level Adjustment

**Warning**

Do not remove the expansion tank or radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.

When the engine is hot, the coolant inside the radiator will be hot and also under pressure. Contact with this hot, pressurized coolant will cause scalds and skin damage.

**Caution**

If hard water is used in the cooling system, it will cause scale accumulation in the engine and radiator and considerably reduce the efficiency of the cooling system. Reduced cooling system efficiency may cause the engine to overheat and suffer severe damage.

To adjust the coolant level:

- Allow the engine to cool.
- Remove the expansion tank cap.
- Add coolant mixture through the filler opening until the level reaches the MAX mark.
- Reinstall the extension tank cap.
Note
If the coolant level is being checked because the coolant has overheated, also check the level in the radiator and top off if necessary.
In an emergency, distilled water can be added to the cooling system. However, the coolant must then be drained and replenished with the recommended coolant as soon as possible.

Coolant Change
It is recommended that the coolant is changed by an authorized Triumph dealer in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

Radiator and Hoses

⚠️ Warning
The fan operates automatically when the engine is running.
Always keep hands and clothing away from the fan.
Contact with the rotating fan may cause an accident and/or personal injury.

⚠️ Caution
Using high pressure water sprays, such as from a car wash facility or household pressure washer, can damage the radiator fins, cause leaks and impair the radiator’s efficiency.
Do not obstruct or deflect airflow through the radiator by installing unauthorized accessories, either in front of the radiator or behind the cooling fan.
Interference with the radiator airflow can cause overheating, potentially resulting in engine damage.

Check the radiator hoses for cracks or deterioration, and tension clips for tightness in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements. Have your authorized Triumph dealer replace any defective items.
Check the radiator grille and fins for obstructions by insects, leaves or mud. Clean off any obstructions with a stream of low pressure water.
Throttle Control

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Always be alert for changes in the 'feel' of the throttle control and have the throttle system checked by an authorized Triumph dealer if any changes are detected. Changes can be due to wear in the mechanism, which could lead to a sticking throttle control. A sticking or stuck throttle control will lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Throttle Inspection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use of the motorcycle with a sticking or damaged throttle control will interfere with the throttle function resulting in loss of motorcycle control and an accident. To avoid continued use of a sticking or damaged throttle control, always have it checked by your authorized Triumph dealer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To inspect the throttle:

- Check that the throttle opens smoothly, without undue force and that it closes without sticking. Have your authorized Triumph dealer check the throttle system if a problem is detected or any doubt exists.
- If there is an incorrect amount of free play, Triumph recommends that you have your authorized Triumph dealer investigate.
- Check that there is 0.04 - 0.08 in (1 - 2 mm) of throttle grip free play when lightly turning the throttle grip back and forth.
**Clutch**

The motorcycle is equipped with a cable operated clutch.

If the clutch lever has excessive free play, the clutch may not disengage fully. This will cause difficulty in shifting gear and selecting neutral. This may cause the engine to stall and make the motorcycle difficult to control.

Conversely, if the clutch lever has insufficient free play the clutch may not engage fully, causing the clutch to slip, which will reduce performance and cause premature clutch wear.

Clutch lever free play must be checked in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

**Clutch Inspection**

Check that there is 0.08–0.12 in (2–3 mm) clutch lever free play at the lever.

If there is an incorrect amount of free play, adjustments must be made.

**Clutch Adjustment**

To adjust the clutch:

- Turn the adjuster sleeve until the correct amount of clutch lever free play is achieved.

1. **Clutch lever**
2. **Adjuster sleeve (lock nut fully loosened)**
3. **Correct clearance 0.08–0.12 in (2–3 mm)**

- Check that there is 0.08–0.12 in (2–3 mm) clutch lever free play at the lever.
- If there is an incorrect amount of free play, adjustments must be made.
Maintenance

- If correct adjustment cannot be made using the lever adjuster, use the cable adjuster at the lower end of the cable.

Drive Chain

1. Adjuster lock nuts
2. Clutch outer cable
   - Loosen the adjuster lock nut.
   - Turn the outer cable adjuster to give 0.08–0.12 in (2–3 mm) of free play at the clutch lever.
   - Tighten the lock nut to 31 lbf in (3.5 Nm).

Drive Chain Lubrication

Lubrication is necessary every 200 miles (300 km) and also after riding in wet weather, on wet roads, or any time that the chain appears dry.

Warning

A loose or worn chain, or a chain that breaks or jumps off the sprockets could catch on the engine sprocket or lock the rear wheel.

A chain that snags on the engine sprocket will injure the rider and lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Similarly, locking the rear wheel will lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

For safety and to prevent excessive wear the drive chain must be checked, adjusted and lubricated in accordance with the scheduled maintenance requirements. Checking, adjustment and lubrication must be carried out more frequently for extreme conditions such as high speed riding, salty or heavily gritted roads.

If the chain is badly worn or incorrectly adjusted (either too loose or too tight) the chain could jump off the sprockets or break. Therefore, always replace worn or damaged chains using genuine Triumph parts supplied by an authorized Triumph dealer.
To lubricate the drive chain:

• Use the special drive chain lubricant as recommended in the Specifications section.

• Apply lubricant to the sides of the rollers then allow the motorcycle to stand unused for at least eight hours (overnight is ideal). This will allow the lubricant to penetrate to the drive chain O-rings etc.

• Before riding, wipe off any excess lubricant.

• If the drive chain is especially dirty, clean first and then apply lubricant as mentioned above.

⚠️ Caution

Do not use a pressure washer to clean the drive chain as this may cause damage to the drive chain components.

Drive Chain Free Movement Inspection

⚠️ Warning

Make sure the motorcycle is stabilized and adequately supported. A correctly supported motorcycle will help prevent it from falling. An unstable motorcycle may fall, causing injury to the operator or damage to the motorcycle.

To inspect the drive chain free movement:

• Place the motorcycle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position with no weight on it.

• Rotate the rear wheel by pushing the motorcycle to find the position where the chain is tightest.

• Stretch the chain taut by applying pressure on the chain.

• Measure from the bottom of the swingarm to the center of the chain pin, as shown in the illustration.

• The measurement must be in the range of 1.69–2.17 in (43–55 mm).
Maintenance

- If the measurement exceeds the range, then the chain needs to be adjusted, see page 102.

Drive Chain Free Movement Adjustment

⚠️ Warning

Operation of the motorcycle with insecure adjuster lock nuts or a loose wheel spindle may result in impaired stability and handling of the motorcycle. This impaired stability and handling may lead to loss of control or an accident.

1. Spindle adjuster
2. Rear wheel spindle nut
3. Adjuster nut
4. Adjuster lock nut

If the drive chain free movement measurement is incorrect, adjustments must be made as follows:
- Loosen the rear wheel spindle nut.
- Loosen the adjuster lock nut on both the left and right hand side drive chain adjusters.

- Turn both the left and right hand adjuster nuts clockwise (A) to decrease drive chain free movement and counterclockwise (B) to increase drive chain free movement.
- Make sure that both the left and right hand adjuster nuts are set to the same measurement.
- When the correct amount of drive chain free movement has been set (1.69 in (43 mm)), tighten the rear wheel spindle nut to 81 lbf ft (110 Nm).
- Repeat the drive chain adjustment check. Readjust if necessary.
- Tighten both left and right hand side adjuster nuts to 9 lbf ft (12 Nm).
- Hold the adjuster nuts in place, and tighten the adjuster lock nuts to 11 lbf ft (15 Nm).
- Repeat the drive chain adjustment check. Readjust if necessary.
- Check the rear brake effectiveness. Rectify if necessary.

⚠️ Warning

It is dangerous to operate the motorcycle with defective brakes; you must have your authorized Triumph dealer take remedial action before you attempt to ride the motorcycle again. Failure to take remedial action may reduce braking efficiency leading to loss of motorcycle control or an accident.
Drive Chain and Sprocket Wear Inspection

⚠️ Warning
Never neglect drive chain maintenance and always have drive chains installed by an authorized Triumph dealer.
Use a genuine Triumph supplied drive chain as specified in the Triumph Parts Catalog.
The use of non-approved drive chains may result in a broken drive chain or may cause the drive chain to jump off the sprockets leading to loss of motorcycle control or an accident.

⚠️ Caution
If the sprockets are found to be worn, always replace the sprockets and drive chain together.
Replacing worn sprockets without also replacing the drive chain will lead to premature wear of the new sprockets.

To inspect the drive chain and sprocket wear:
- Remove the chain guard.
- Stretch the chain taut by hanging a 20–40 lb (10–20 kg) weight on the chain.
- Measure the length of 20 links on the straight part of the chain from pin center of the 1st pin to the pin center of the 21st pin. Since the chain may wear unevenly, take measurements in several places.
- If the length exceeds the maximum service limit of 12.56 in (319 mm), the chain must be replaced.
- Rotate the rear wheel and inspect the drive chain for damaged rollers, and loose pins and links.
- Also inspect the sprockets for unevenly or excessively worn or damaged teeth.

![Sprocket wear exaggerated for illustrative purposes]

- If there is any irregularity, have the drive chain and/or the sprockets replaced by an authorized Triumph dealer.
- Re-install the chain guard, tightening the fasteners to 35 lbf in (4 Nm).
**Maintenance**

**Brakes**

**Breaking in New Brake Pads and Discs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>! Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brake pads must always be replaced as a wheel set. At the front, where two calipers are installed on the same wheel, replace all the brake pads in both calipers. Replacing individual pads will reduce braking efficiency and may cause an accident. After replacement brake pads have been installed, ride with extreme caution until the new pads have ‘broken in’.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

New brake discs and pads require a period of careful breaking-in that will optimize the performance and longevity of the discs and pads. The recommended distance for breaking-in new pads and discs is 200 miles (300 km). During this period, avoid extreme braking, ride with caution and allow for greater braking distances.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>! Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If installing new proprietary brand brake pads, check that the brake backing plate of the brake pad is the specified thickness shown in the table. Installing brake pads with the brake backing plate less than the specified thickness may result in brake failure due to the possible loss of the brake pad as it wears.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Brake pads must be inspected in accordance with scheduled requirements and replaced if worn to, or beyond the minimum service thickness.

If the lining thickness of any brake pad is less than that specified in the table, replace all the brake pads on the wheel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum Brake Pad Lining Thickness</th>
<th>0.06 in (1.5 mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Carrier Plate Thickness</td>
<td>0.16 in (4.0 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Service Thickness (Brake Pad Lining and Carrier Plate)</td>
<td>0.22 in (5.5 mm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Rear Brake Wear Inspection**

**Warning**

If installing new proprietary brand brake pads, check that the brake backing plate of the brake pad is the specified thickness shown in the table. Installing brake pads with the brake backing plate less than the specified thickness may result in brake failure due to the possible loss of the brake pad as it wears.
Maintenance

Brake pads supplied by Triumph will have the carrier plate at the recommended thickness. Always have replacement brake pads supplied and installed by your Triumph dealer.

If the lining thickness of any brake pad is less than that specified in the table, replace all the brake pads on the wheel.

| Minimum Brake Pad Lining Thickness | 0.06 in (1.5 mm) |
| Minimum Carrier Plate Thickness | 0.12 in (3.0 mm) |
| Minimum Service Thickness (Brake Pad Lining and Carrier Plate) | 0.18 in (4.5 mm) |

Disc Brake Fluid

⚠️ Warning

Brake fluid is hygroscopic which means it will absorb moisture from the air.

Any absorbed moisture will greatly reduce the boiling point of the brake fluid causing a reduction in braking efficiency.

Because of this, always replace brake fluid in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

Always use new brake fluid from a sealed container and never use fluid from an unsealed container or from one which has been previously opened.

Do not mix different brands or grades of brake fluid.

Check for fluid leakage around brake installed, seals and joints and also check the brake hoses for splits, deterioration and damage.

Always rectify any faults before riding.

Failure to observe and act upon any of these items may cause a dangerous riding condition leading to loss of control and an accident.
#### Warning

If the ABS is not functioning, the brake system will continue to function as a non-ABS equipped brake system.

In this situation, braking too hard will cause the wheels to lock resulting in loss of control and an accident.

Reduce speed and do not continue to ride for longer than is necessary with the indicator light illuminated. Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.

---

Inspect the level of brake fluid in both reservoirs and change the brake fluid in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements. Use only DOT 4 fluid as recommended in the Specification section. The brake fluid must also be changed if it becomes, or is suspected of having become contaminated with moisture or any other contaminants.

### Note

A special tool is required to bleed the ABS braking system. Contact your authorized Triumph dealer when the brake fluid needs replacing or the hydraulic system requires maintenance.

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#### Front Brake Fluid Level Inspection and Adjustment

#### Warning

If there has been an appreciable drop in the level of the fluid in either fluid reservoir, consult your authorized Triumph dealer for advice before riding.

Riding with depleted brake fluid levels, or with a brake fluid leak is dangerous and will cause reduced brake performance potentially leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

---

To inspect the front brake fluid level:

- Check the level of brake fluid visible in the window at the front of the reservoir unit.
- The brake fluid level must be kept between the upper and lower level lines (reservoir held horizontal).

To adjust the brake fluid level:

- Loosen the reservoir cap retaining screws and remove the reservoir cap and the diaphragm seal.
Maintenance

- Fill the reservoir to the upper level line using new DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.
- Reinstall the reservoir cap making sure that the diaphragm seal is correctly positioned between the reservoir cap and the reservoir body.
- Tighten the reservoir cap retaining screws to 9 lbf in (1 Nm).

Rear Brake Fluid Level Inspection and Adjustment

⚠️ Warning
If there has been an appreciable drop in the level of the fluid in either fluid reservoir, consult your authorized Triumph dealer for advice before riding. Riding with depleted brake fluid levels, or with a brake fluid leak is dangerous and will cause reduced brake performance potentially leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

1. Rear brake fluid reservoir
2. Reservoir cap
3. Upper level line
4. Lower level line

To inspect the rear brake fluid level:
- Check the level of brake fluid visible in the reservoir.
- The brake fluid level must be kept between the upper and lower level lines (reservoir held horizontal).

To adjust the rear brake fluid level:
- Loosen the reservoir cap and remove the diaphragm seal.
- Fill the reservoir to the upper level line using new DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.
- Re-install the reservoir cap making sure that the diaphragm seal is correctly installed.
## Brake Light Switches

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Riding the motorcycle with defective brake lights is illegal and dangerous. An accident causing injury to the rider and other road users may result from use of a motorcycle with defective brake lights.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The brake light is activated independently by either the front or rear brake. If, with the ignition in the ON position, the brake light does not work when the front brake lever is pulled or the rear brake pedal is pressed, have your authorized Triumph dealer investigate and rectify the fault.

## Mirrors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operation of the motorcycle with incorrectly adjusted mirrors is dangerous. Operation of the motorcycle with incorrectly adjusted mirrors will result in loss of vision to the rear of the motorcycle. It is dangerous to ride a motorcycle without sufficient rearward vision. Always adjust the mirrors to provide sufficient rearward vision before riding the motorcycle.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Never attempt to clean or adjust mirrors while riding the motorcycle. Removal of the rider’s hands from the handlebars while riding the motorcycle will diminish the ability of the rider to maintain control of the motorcycle. Attempting to clean or adjust mirrors while riding the motorcycle may result in loss of control of the motorcycle and an accident. Only attempt to clean or adjust the mirrors while stationary.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Models with Bar End Mirrors

⚠️ Warning
Incorrect adjustment of the bar end mirrors may cause the mirror arm to contact the fuel tank, brake or clutch levers or other parts of the motorcycle.

This will restrict brake or clutch lever operation or restrict steering movement, resulting in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Adjust the mirrors as required to make sure they do not contact any part of the motorcycle. After adjustment, move the handlebar to the left and right full lock while checking that the mirrors do not contact the fuel tank, brake or clutch levers or other parts of the motorcycle.

⚠️ Caution
Incorrect adjustment of the bar end mirrors may cause the mirror arm to contact the fuel tank, brake or clutch levers or other parts of the motorcycle.

This will result in damage to the fuel tank, brake or clutch levers or other parts of the motorcycle.

Adjust the mirrors as required to make sure they do not contact any part of the motorcycle. After adjustment, move the handlebar to the left and right full lock while checking that the mirrors do not contact the fuel tank, brake or clutch levers or other parts of the motorcycle.

The bar end mirrors will be set by your authorized Triumph dealer and will not normally require any adjustment. Should adjustment be necessary, do not rotate the mirror beyond 75°, measured from the vertical section of the mirror arm.
Steering

Caution
To prevent risk of injury from the motorcycle falling during the inspection, make sure that the motorcycle is stabilized and secured on a suitable support.

Do not exert extreme force against each wheel or rock each wheel vigorously as this may cause the motorcycle to become unstable and cause injury by falling from its support.

Make sure that the position of the support block will not cause damage to the motorcycle.

Steering Inspection

Warning
Riding the motorcycle with incorrectly adjusted or defective steering head bearings is dangerous and may cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Inspecting the Steering for Free Play
To inspect the steering:

- Position the motorcycle on level ground, in an upright position.
- Raise the front wheel above the ground and support the motorcycle.
- Standing at the front of the motorcycle, hold the lower end of the front forks outer tube and try to move them forward and backward.
- If any free play can be detected in the steering head bearings, ask your authorized Triumph dealer to inspect and rectify any faults before riding.
- Remove the support and place the motorcycle on the side stand.
Maintenance

Wheel Bearings Inspection

**Warning**

Riding with worn or damaged front or rear wheel bearings is dangerous and may cause impaired handling and instability leading to an accident. If in doubt, have the motorcycle inspected by an authorized Triumph dealer before riding.

The wheel bearings must be inspected at the intervals specified in the scheduled maintenance chart.

**Inspecting the Wheel Bearings**

To inspect the wheel bearings:

- Reposition the lifting device and repeat the procedure for the rear wheel.
- Remove the support and place the motorcycle on the side stand.

**Note**

If the wheel bearings in the front or rear wheel allow play in the wheel hub, are noisy, or if the wheel does not turn smoothly, have your authorized Triumph dealer inspect the wheel bearings.
Suspension

**Warning**

Riding the motorcycle with defective or damaged suspension is dangerous and may lead to loss of control and an accident.

**Warning**

Never attempt to dismantle any part of the suspension units. All suspension units contain pressurized oil. Skin and eye damage can result from contact with the pressurized oil.

Front Suspension

The front suspension is not adjustable.

Front Fork Inspection

To inspect the front forks:

- Position the motorcycle on level ground.

- While holding the handlebars and applying the front brake, pump the forks up and down several times.

- If roughness or excessive stiffness is detected, consult your authorized Triumph dealer.

- Examine each fork for any sign of damage, scratching of the slider surface, or for oil leaks.

- If any damage or leakage is found, consult an authorized Triumph dealer.

Rear Suspension Settings

The motorcycle is delivered from the factory with all the suspension settings set at the Solo Riding setting as shown in the suspension settings table. The Solo Riding suspension settings provide a comfortable ride and good handling characteristics for general, solo riding.

The details shown in the suspension settings table are only a guide. Setting requirements may vary for rider and passenger weight and personal preferences.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loading Condition</th>
<th>Spring Preload</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solo Riding</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solo Riding with Accessories/Loading (not exceeding limits)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rider and Passenger</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rider and Passenger with Accessories&gt;Loading (not exceeding limits)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Position 1 is minimum (fully clockwise) and position 7 is maximum (fully counterclockwise).
Rear Suspension Spring Preload Adjustment

The spring preload adjuster is located at the bottom of the rear suspension unit. Rear adjuster settings are counted from one, with position one being with the adjuster turned fully clockwise. Position one gives the minimum amount of spring preload. There are seven adjuster positions in total. Position seven gives the maximum amount of spring preload.

1. Spring preload adjuster ring
   A. Counterclockwise direction
   B. Clockwise direction

To change the rear suspension spring preload setting:

- Locate the C spanner supplied in the tool kit.
- Insert the C spanner into the slots of the spring preload adjuster ring.
- Turn the spring preload adjuster ring counterclockwise (shown as direction A in the diagram) towards the left hand side of the motorcycle to increase spring preload.
- Turn the spring preload adjuster ring clockwise (shown as direction B in the diagram) towards the right hand side of the motorcycle to decrease spring preload.
### Bank Angle Indicators

**Warning**

Always replace the bank angle indicators before they are worn to their maximum limit.

Use of a motorcycle with bank angle indicators worn beyond the maximum limit will allow the motorcycle to be banked to an unsafe angle.

Banking to an unsafe angle may cause instability, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Bank angle indicators are located on the rider’s footrests.

1. **Bank angle indicator**

Bank angle indicators must be replaced when they have worn down to the maximum wear limit of 0.59 in (15 mm) in length remaining. The maximum wear limit is shown by a groove on the bank angle indicator.

Regularly check the bank angle indicators for wear.

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### Tires

This model is equipped with tubeless tires, valves and wheel rims. Use only tires marked ‘TUBELESS’ and tubeless valves on rims marked ‘SUITABLE FOR TUBELESS TYRES’.
Maintenance

⚠️ Warning
Do not install tube type tires on tubeless rims.
The bead will not seat and the tires could slip on the rims, causing rapid tire deflation that may result in a loss of motorcycle control and an accident. Never install an inner tube inside a tubeless tire without the appropriate marking. This will cause friction inside the tire and the resulting heat buildup may cause the tube to burst resulting in rapid tire deflation, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Typical Tire Marking–Tubeless Tire

Typical Wheel Marking–Tubeless Tire

Tire Inflation Pressures

⚠️ Warning
Incorrect tire inflation will cause abnormal tread wear and instability problems that may lead to loss of control and an accident.
Under inflation may result in the tire slipping on, or coming off the rim. Overinflation will cause instability and accelerated tread wear.
Both conditions are dangerous as they may cause loss of control leading to an accident.

⚠️ Warning
Tire pressures which have been reduced for off-road riding will impair on-road stability.
Always make sure that the tire pressures are set as described in the Specification section for on-road use.
Operation of the motorcycle with incorrect tire pressures may cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Correct inflation pressure will provide maximum stability, rider comfort and tire life. Always check tire pressures before riding when the tires are cold. Check tire pressures daily and adjust if necessary. See the Specification section for details of the correct inflation pressures.
Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) (if equipped)

**Caution**

An adhesive label is installed to the wheel rim to indicate the position of the tire pressure sensor. Care must be taken when replacing the tires to prevent any damage to the tire pressure sensors. Always have your tires mounted by your authorized Triumph dealer and inform them that tire pressure sensors are installed on the wheels.

**Caution**

Do not use anti puncture fluid or any other item likely to obstruct air flow to the TPMS sensor’s orifices. Any blockage to the air pressure orifice of the TPMS sensor during operation will cause the sensor to become blocked, causing irreparable damage to the TPMS sensor assembly. Damage caused by the use of anti puncture fluid or incorrect maintenance is not considered a manufacturing defect and will not be covered under warranty. Always have your tires mounted by your authorized Triumph dealer and inform them that tire pressure sensors are installed on the wheels.

The tire pressures shown on your instruments indicate the actual tire pressure at the time of selecting the display. This may differ from the inflation pressure set when the tires are cold because tires become warmer during riding, causing the air in the tire to expand and increase the inflation pressure. The cold inflation pressures specified by Triumph take account of this.

Only adjust tire pressures when the tires are cold using an accurate pressure gage. Do not use the tire pressure display on the instruments.

**Tire Wear**

As the tire tread wears down, the tire becomes more susceptible to punctures and failure. It is estimated that 90% of all tire problems occur during the last 10% of tread life (90% worn). It is recommended that tires are changed before they are worn to their minimum tread depth.
Warning

Riding with excessively worn tires is hazardous and will adversely affect traction, stability and handling which may lead to loss of control and an accident.

When tubeless tires, used without a tube, become punctured, leakage is often very slow. Always inspect tires very closely for punctures. Check the tires for cuts, embedded nails or other sharp objects. Riding with punctured or damaged tires will adversely affect motorcycle stability and handling which may lead to loss of control and an accident.

Check the rims for dents or deformation. Riding with damaged or defective wheels or tires is dangerous and may lead to loss of control and an accident.

Always consult your authorized Triumph dealer for tire replacement, or for a safety inspection of the tires.

In accordance with the periodic maintenance chart, measure the depth of the tread with a depth gage, and replace any tire that has worn to, or beyond the minimum allowable tread depth specified in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Speed</th>
<th>Minimum Tread Depth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 80 mph (130 km/h)</td>
<td>0.08 in (2 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 80 mph (130 km/h)</td>
<td>Front 0.08 in (2 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rear 0.12 in (3 mm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tire Replacement

All Triumph motorcycles are carefully and extensively tested in a range of riding conditions to make sure that the most effective tire combinations are approved for use on each model. It is essential that approved tires and inner tubes (if installed) mounted in approved combinations, are used when purchasing replacement items. The use of non-approved tires and inner tubes, or approved tires and inner tubes in non-approved combinations, may lead to motorcycle instability, loss of control and an accident.

A list of approved tires and inner tubes specific to your motorcycle are available from your authorized Triumph dealer, or on the Internet at www.triumph.co.uk. Always have tires and inner tubes mounted and balanced by your authorized Triumph dealer who has the necessary training and skills to ensure safe, effective installation.

When replacement tires or inner tubes are required, consult your authorized Triumph dealer who will arrange for the tires and inner tubes to be selected, in a correct combination, from the approved list and mounted according to the tire and inner tube manufacturer’s instructions.

Initially, the new tires and inner tubes will not produce the same handling characteristics as the worn tires and inner tubes and the rider must allow adequate riding distance (approximately 100 miles (160 km)) to become accustomed to the new handling characteristics.
24 hours after mounting, the tire pressures must be checked and adjusted, and the tires and inner tubes examined for correct seating. Rectification must be carried out as necessary. The same checks and adjustments must also be carried out when 100 miles (160 km) have been traveled after mounting.

**Warning**

Inner tubes must only be used on motorcycles equipped with spoked wheels and with tires marked 'TUBE TYPE'.

Some brands of approved tires marked 'TUBELESS' may be suitable for use with an inner tube. Where this is the case, the tire wall will be marked with text permitting the installation of an inner tube.

Use of an inner tube with a tire marked 'TUBELESS', and NOT marked as suitable for use with an inner tube, or use of an inner tube on an alloy wheel marked 'SUITABLE FOR TUBELESS TYRES’ will cause deflation of the tire resulting in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Warning**

Do not install tube type tires on tubeless rims.

The bead will not seat and the tires could slip on the rims, causing rapid tire deflation that may result in a loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Never install an inner tube inside a tubeless tire without the appropriate marking. This will cause friction inside the tire and the resulting heat build-up may cause the tube to burst resulting in rapid tire deflation, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Warning**

If a tire or inner tube sustains a puncture, the tire and inner tube must be replaced.

Failure to replace a punctured tire and inner tube, or operation with a repaired tire or inner tube can lead to instability, loss of motorcycle control or an accident.

**Warning**

If tire damage is suspected, such as after striking the curb, ask your authorized Triumph dealer to inspect the tire both internally and externally. Tire damage may not always be visible from the outside.

Operation of the motorcycle with damaged tires could lead to loss of control and an accident.
**Maintenance**

**Warning**

Use of a motorcycle with incorrectly seated tires or inner tubes, incorrectly adjusted tire pressures, or when not accustomed to its handling characteristics may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Warning**

The ABS system operates by comparing the relative speed of the front and rear wheels. Use of non-recommended tires can affect wheel speed and cause the ABS function not to operate, potentially leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident in conditions where the ABS would normally function.

**Warning**

Accurate wheel balance is necessary for safe, stable handling of the motorcycle. Do not remove or change any wheel balance weights. Incorrect wheel balance may cause instability leading to loss of control and an accident.

When wheel balancing is required, such as after tire or inner tube replacement, see your authorized Triumph dealer.

Only use self-adhesive weights. Clip on weights may damage the wheel, tire or inner tube resulting in tire deflation, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Warning**

Tires and inner tubes that have been used on a rolling road dynamometer may become damaged. In some cases, the damage may not be visible on the external surface of the tire. Tires and inner tubes must be replaced after such use as continued use of a damaged tire or inner tube may lead to instability, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.
Battery

**Warning**
The battery contains sulfuric acid (battery acid). Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe burns. Wear protective clothing and a face shield.
If battery acid gets on your skin, flush with water immediately.
If battery acid gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.
If battery acid is swallowed, drink large quantities of water and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.
KEEP BATTERY ACID OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

**Warning**
Under certain circumstances, the battery may release explosive gases. Make sure to keep all sparks, flames and cigarettes away from the battery.
Do not attach jump leads to the battery, touch the battery cables together or reverse the polarity of the cables, as any of these actions may cause a spark which would ignite battery gases causing a risk of personal injury.
Make sure that there is adequate ventilation when charging or using the battery in an enclosed space.

**Warning**
The battery contains harmful materials. Always keep children and pets away from the battery at all times.

Battery Removal

**Warning**
Make sure that the battery terminals do not touch the motorcycle frame. This may cause a short circuit or spark which would ignite battery gases causing a risk of personal injury.

1. **Negative (black) terminal**
2. **Battery**
3. **Battery strap**
4. **Positive (red) terminal**
5. **Battery spacer**

To remove the battery:
- Remove the seat, (see page 63).
- Unhook the battery strap from it’s hook near the battery spacer.
- Remove the battery spacer.
Maintenance

- Disconnect the battery leads, negative (black) lead first and then the positive lead.
- Remove the battery from its housing.

Battery Disposal
Should the battery ever require replacement, the original battery must be handed to a recycling agent who will make sure that the dangerous substances from which the battery is manufactured do not pollute the environment.

Battery Maintenance

**Warning**

Battery acid is corrosive and poisonous and will cause damage to unprotected skin.
Never swallow battery acid or allow it to come into contact with the skin.
To prevent injury, always wear eye and skin protection when handling the battery.

The battery is a sealed type and does not require any maintenance other than checking the voltage and routine recharging when required, such as during storage.
Clean the battery using a clean, dry cloth. Make sure that the cable connections are clean.
It is not possible to adjust the battery acid level in the battery; the sealing strip must not be removed.

Battery Discharge

**Caution**
The charge level in the battery must be maintained to maximize battery life.
Failure to maintain the battery charge level could cause serious internal damage to the battery.

Under normal conditions, the motorcycle charging system will keep the battery fully charged. However, if the motorcycle is unused, the battery will gradually discharge due to a normal process called self discharge: the clock, Engine Control Module (ECM) memory, high ambient temperatures, or the addition of electrical security systems or other electrical accessories will all increase this rate of battery discharge. Disconnecting the battery from the motorcycle during storage will reduce the rate of discharge.

Battery Discharge During Storage and Infrequent Use of the Motorcycle

During storage or infrequent use of the motorcycle, inspect the battery voltage weekly using a multimeter. Follow the manufacturer’s instructions supplied with the meter.
Should the battery voltage fall below 12.7 Volts, the battery should be charged.
Allowing a battery to discharge or leaving it discharged for even a short period of time causes sulphation of the lead plates. Sulphation is a normal part of the chemical reaction inside the battery, however over time the sulphate can crystallize on the plates making recovery difficult or impossible. This permanent damage is not covered by the motorcycle warranty, as it is not due to a manufacturing defect.

Keeping the battery fully charged reduces the likelihood of it freezing in cold conditions. Allowing a battery to freeze will cause serious internal damage to the battery.

Battery Charging

⚠️ Warning

The battery gives off explosive gases; keep sparks, flames and cigarettes away. Provide adequate ventilation when charging or using the battery in an enclosed space.

The battery contains sulfuric acid (battery acid). Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe burns. Wear protective clothing and a face shield.

If battery acid gets on your skin, flush with water immediately.

If battery acid gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

If battery acid is swallowed, drink large quantities of water and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

KEEP BATTERY ACID OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

⚠️ Caution

Do not use an automotive quick charger as it may overcharge and damage the battery.

For help with selecting a battery charger, checking the battery voltage or battery charging, contact your local authorized Triumph dealer.

Should the battery voltage fall below 12.7 Volts, the battery should be charged using a Triumph approved battery charger. Always remove the battery from the motorcycle and follow the instructions supplied with the battery charger.

For extended periods of storage (beyond two weeks) the battery should be removed from the motorcycle and kept charged using a Triumph approved maintenance charger.

Similarly, should the battery charge fall to a level where it will not start the motorcycle, remove the battery from the motorcycle before charging.
Battery Installation

**Warning**
Make sure that the battery terminals do not touch the motorcycle frame. This may cause a short circuit or spark which would ignite battery gases causing a risk of personal injury.

1. Negative (black) terminal
2. Battery
3. Battery strap
4. Positive (red) terminal
5. Battery spacer

To install the battery:
- Position the battery into its housing.
- Insert the battery spacer.
- Reinstall the battery strap.
- Reconnect the battery, positive (red) lead first and then the negative lead.
- Tighten the battery terminals to 40 lbf in (4.5 Nm).
- Apply a light coat of grease to the terminals to prevent corrosion.
- Cover the positive terminal with the protective cap.
- Reinstall the seat. (see page 63).

Fuses

**Warning**
Always replace blown fuses with new ones of the correct rating (as specified on the fuse box cover).
Never replace a blown fuse with a fuse of a different rating.
Use of an incorrect fuse could lead to an electrical problem, resulting in motorcycle damage, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Note**
A blown fuse is indicated when all of the systems protected by that fuse become inoperative. When checking for a blown fuse, use the tables to establish which fuse has blown.

Fuse box no.1 is located underneath the seat. This fuse box contains the main fuses. To allow access to the fuse box, the seat must be removed (see page 63).

1. Fuse box no.1

Fuse box no.2 is located under the plastic fuel tank cover and contains the ABS ECU and diagnostic fuses.
Fuse Identification

Spare fuses are located on the inside of the fuse box covers and should be replaced if used.

Fuse Box 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Circuit Protected</th>
<th>Rating (Amps)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cooling Fan</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Instruments</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Engine Management System (EMS)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Position Lighting</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Engine Control Unit (ECU)</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Ignition</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>ABS Solenoid</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Fuel Pump</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>ABS Motor</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fuse Box 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Circuit Protected</th>
<th>Rating (Amps)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ABS ECU</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Diagnostics</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Headlight

Adjust road speed to suit the visibility and weather conditions in which the motorcycle is being operated.

Make sure that the headlight beam is adjusted to illuminate the road surface sufficiently far ahead without blinding oncoming traffic.

An incorrectly adjusted headlight may impair visibility causing an accident.

Warning

Never attempt to adjust a headlight beam when the motorcycle is in motion.

Any attempt to adjust a headlight beam when the motorcycle is in motion may result in loss of control and an accident.
Caution

Do not cover the headlight or lens with any item likely to obstruct air flow to, or prevent heat escaping from, the headlight lens.

Covering the headlight lens during operation with items of clothing, luggage, adhesive tape, devices intended to alter or adjust the headlight beam or non genuine headlight lens covers will cause the headlight lens to overheat and distort, causing irreparable damage to the headlight assembly.

Damage caused by overheating is not considered a manufacturing defect and will not be covered under warranty.

If the headlight must be covered during use—such as taping of the headlight lens required during closed-course conditions—the headlight must be disconnected.

Headlight Adjustment

The headlight can only be vertically adjusted.

To vertically adjust the headlight beam:
- Switch the ignition on. The engine does not need to be running.
- Switch the headlight dipped beam on.
- Always make sure the handlebars are in the straight ahead position.
- Loosen the headlight assembly mounting bolt securing the headlight bracket to the front subframe sufficiently to allow restricted movement of the headlights.
- Adjust the position of the headlight to give the required beam setting.
- Tighten the headlight assembly mounting bolts to 19 lbf ft (26 Nm).
- Recheck the headlight beam settings.
- Switch the headlights off when the beam settings are satisfactorily set.

Headlight Replacement

The headlight unit is a sealed, maintenance free LED unit. The headlight unit must be replaced in the event of the failure of the headlight.

1. Headlight assembly mounting bolt
Maintenance

Turn Signal Lights
The turn signal light units are sealed, maintenance free LED units. A turn signal light unit must be replaced in the event of the failure of the turn signal light.

Brake/Tail Light
The tail light unit is a sealed, maintenance free LED unit. The tail light unit must be replaced in the event of the failure of the tail light.

License Plate Light
The license plate light unit is a sealed, maintenance free LED unit. The license plate light unit must be replaced in the event of the failure of the license plate light.
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Cleaning and Storage

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Cleaning and Storage

Cleaning
Frequent, regular cleaning is an essential part of the maintenance of your motorcycle. If regularly cleaned, the appearance will be preserved for many years.

Cleaning with cold water containing an automotive cleaner is essential at all times but particularly so after exposure to sea breezes, sea water, dusty or muddy roads and in winter when roads are treated for ice and snow.

Do not use household detergent, as the use of such products will lead to premature corrosion.

Although, under the terms of your motorcycle warranty, cover is provided against the corrosion of certain items, the owner is expected to observe this reasonable advice which will safeguard against corrosion and enhance the appearance of the motorcycle.

Preparation for Washing
Before washing, precautions must be taken to keep water off the following places.

Rear opening of the exhausts: Cover with a plastic bag secured with rubber bands.

Clutch and brake levers, switch housings on the handlebar: Cover with plastic bags.

Ignition switch and steering lock: Cover the keyhole with tape.

Remove any items of jewelry such as rings, watches, zips or belt buckles, which may scratch or otherwise damage painted or polished surfaces.

Use separate cleaning sponges or cleaning cloths for washing painted/polished surfaces and chassis areas. Chassis areas (such as wheels and under fenders) will be exposed to more abrasive road grime and dust, which may then scratch painted or polished surfaces, if the same sponge or cleaning cloths are used.
Where to be Careful

⚠️ Caution
Do not use high pressure spray washers or steam cleaners.
Use of high pressure spray washers and steam cleaners may damage seals, and cause water and steam to be forced into bearings and other components causing premature wear from corrosion and loss of lubrication.

⚠️ Caution
Do not spray any water at all near the air intake duct.
The air intake duct is normally located under the rider’s seat, under the fuel tank or near the steering head.
Any water sprayed in this area could enter the airbox and engine, causing damage to both items.

Do not get water near the following places:
- Air intake duct
- Any visible electrical components
- Brake cylinders and brake calipers
- Handlebar switch housings
- Steering head bearings
- Instruments
- Oil filler cap
- Rear bevel box breather (if equipped)
- Rear of headlights
- Seats
- Suspension seals and bearings
- Under the fuel tank

Note
Use of soaps that are highly alkaline will leave a residue on painted surfaces, and may also cause water spotting.
Always use a low alkaline soap to aid the cleaning process.
Cleaning and Storage

Washing
To wash the motorcycle, do the following:
• Make sure that the motorcycle engine is cold.
• Prepare a mixture of clean, cold water and mild automotive cleaner. Do not use a highly alkaline soap as commonly found at commercial car washes because it leaves a residue.
• Wash the motorcycle with a sponge or soft cloth. Do not use abrasive scouring pads or steel wool. They will damage the finish.
• Rinse the motorcycle thoroughly with clean, cold water.

After Washing

⚠️ Warning
Never wax or lubricate the brake discs. Always clean the brake disc with a proprietary brand of oil-free brake disc cleaner. Waxed or lubricated brake discs may cause loss of braking power and an accident.

After washing the motorcycle, do the following:
1. Remove the plastic bags and tape, and clear the air intakes.
2. Lubricate the pivots, bolts and nuts.
3. Test the brakes before motorcycle operation.
4. Use a dry cloth or chamois leather to absorb water residue. Do not allow water to stand on the motorcycle as this will lead to corrosion.
5. Start the engine and run it for 5 minutes. Make sure that there is adequate ventilation for the exhaust fumes.
Cleaning and Storage

Care of Gloss Paintwork
Gloss paintwork should be washed and dried as described previously, then protected using a high quality automotive polish. Always follow the manufacturer’s instructions and repeat regularly to maintain your motorcycle’s appearance.

Care of Matt Paintwork
Matt paintwork requires no greater care than that already recommended for gloss paintwork.
• Do not use any polish or wax on matt paintwork.
• Do not try and polish out scratches.

Aluminum Items—not Lacquered or Painted
Items such as brake and clutch levers, wheels, engine covers, engine cooling fins, upper and lower yokes and throttle bodies on some models must be correctly cleaned to preserve their appearance. Please contact your dealer if you are unsure which components on your motorcycle are aluminum parts not protected by paint or lacquer, and for guidance on how to clean those items.
Use a proprietary brand of aluminum cleaner which does not contain abrasive or caustic elements.
Clean aluminum items regularly, in particular after use in inclement weather, where the components must be hand washed and dried each time the machine is used.
Warranty claims due to inadequate maintenance will not be allowed.
Cleaning and Storage

Cleaning of Chrome and Stainless Steel Items
All chrome and stainless steel parts of your motorcycle must be cleaned regularly to avoid a deterioration of its appearance.

Washing
Wash as previously described.

Drying
Dry the chrome and stainless steel parts as far as possible with a soft cloth or chamois leather.

Protecting

⚠️ Caution
The use of products containing silicone will cause discoloration of the chrome and stainless steel parts and must not be used.
The use of abrasive cleaning products will damage the finish and must not be used.

When the chrome and stainless steel is dry, apply a suitable proprietary chrome cleaner on to the surface, following the manufacturer’s instructions.
It is recommended that regular protection be applied to the motorcycle as this will both protect and enhance its appearance.

Black Chrome
Items such as headlight bowls and mirrors on some models must be correctly cleaned to preserve their appearance. Please contact your dealer if you are unsure which components on your motorcycle are black chrome parts. Maintain the appearance of black chrome items by rubbing a small amount of light oil into the surface.
Cleaning and Storage

Cleaning of the Exhaust System
All parts of the exhaust system of your motorcycle must be cleaned regularly to avoid a deterioration of its appearance. These instructions can be applied to chrome, brushed stainless steel and carbon fiber components; matt painted exhaust systems should be cleaned as above, noting the care instructions in the Matt Paintwork section previously.

Note
The exhaust system must be cool before washing to prevent water spotting.

Washing
Wash as previously described.
Make sure that no soap or water enters the exhausts.

Drying
Dry the exhaust system as far as possible with a soft cloth or chamois leather. Do not run the engine to dry the system or spotting will occur.

Protecting

![Caution]

| The use of products containing silicone will cause discoloration of the chrome and stainless steel parts and must not be used. |
| The use of abrasive cleaning products will damage the finish and must not be used. |

When the exhaust system is dry, apply a suitable proprietary motorcycle protection spray onto the surface, following the manufacturer’s instructions.

It is recommended that regular protection be applied to the system as this will both protect and enhance the system’s appearance.
Cleaning and Storage

Seat Care

**Caution**

Use of chemicals or high pressure spray washers is not recommended for cleaning the seat.

Using chemicals or high pressure spray washers may damage the seat cover.

To help maintain its appearance, clean the seat using a sponge or cleaning cloth with soap and water.

Windshield Cleaning (if equipped)

**Warning**

Never attempt to clean the windshield while the motorcycle is in motion as releasing the handlebars may cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Operation of the motorcycle with a damaged or scratched windshield will reduce the rider’s forward vision. Any such reduction in forward vision is dangerous and may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Caution**

Corrosive chemicals such as battery acid will damage the windshield. Never allow corrosive chemicals to contact the windshield.

**Caution**

Products such as window cleaning fluids, insect remover, rain repellent, scouring compounds, gasoline or strong solvents such as alcohol, acetone, carbon tetrachloride, etc. will damage the windshield. Never allow these products to contact the windshield.
Cleaning and Storage

Clean the windshield with a solution of mild soap or detergent and clean, cold water.

After cleaning, rinse well and then dry with a soft, lint-free cloth.

If the transparency of the windshield is reduced by scratches or oxidation which cannot be removed, the windshield must be replaced.

Care of Leather Products

It is recommend that the leather products are periodically cleaned with a damp cloth and allowed to dry naturally at room temperature. This will maintain the appearance of the leather and ensure the long life of the product.

The Triumph leather product is a natural product and lack of care can result in damage and permanent wear.

Follow these simple instructions to prolong the life of the leather product:

• Do not use household cleaning products, bleach, detergents containing bleach or any kind of solvent to clean the leather product.

• Do not immerse the leather product in water.

• Avoid direct heat from fires and radiators which can dry out and distort the leather.

• Do not leave the leather product in direct sunlight for prolonged periods of time.

• Do not dry the leather product by applying direct heat to it at any time.

• If the leather product does get wet, absorb any excess water with a soft clean cloth then leave the leather product to dry naturally at room temperature.

• Avoid exposure of the leather product to high levels of salt, for example sea/salt water or road surfaces that have been treated during the winter for ice and snow.
Cleaning and Storage

• If exposure to salt is unavoidable, clean the leather product immediately after each exposure using a damp cloth then leave the leather product to dry naturally at room temperature.

• Gently clean any minor marks with a damp cloth then leave the leather product to dry naturally at room temperature.

• Place the leather product in a fabric bag or cardboard box to protect it when in storage. Do not use a plastic bag.

Storage

Preparation for Storage

To prepare the motorcycle for storage, do the following:

• Clean and dry the entire vehicle thoroughly.

• Fill the fuel tank with the correct grade of unleaded fuel and add a fuel stabilizer (if available), following the fuel stabilizer manufacturer’s instructions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn the ignition switch off. Do not smoke.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Remove the spark plug from each cylinder and put several drops (0.17 fl oz (5 cc)) of engine oil into each cylinder. Cover the spark plug holes with a piece of cloth or rag. With the engine stop switch in the RUN position, push the starter button for a few seconds to coat the cylinder walls with oil. Install the spark plugs, tightening to 9 lbf ft (12 Nm).

• Change the engine oil and filter (see page 92).

• Check and if necessary correct the tire pressures (see the relevant Specification section).
Cleaning and Storage

• Set the motorcycle on a stand so that both wheels are raised off the ground. (If this cannot be done, put boards under the front and rear wheels to keep dampness away from the tires).

• Spray rust inhibiting oil (there are numerous products on the market and your dealer will be able to offer you local advice) on all unpainted metal surfaces to prevent rusting. Prevent oil from getting on rubber parts, brake discs or in the brake calipers.

• Lubricate and if necessary adjust the drive chain (see page 100).

• Make sure the cooling system is filled with a 50% mixture of coolant (noting that D2053 OAT coolant, as supplied by Triumph, is premixed and requires no dilution) and distilled water solution (see page 94).

• Remove the battery, and store it where it will not be exposed to direct sunlight, moisture, or freezing temperatures. During storage it should be given a slow charge (one Ampere or less) about once every two weeks (see page 123).

• Store the motorcycle in a cool, dry area, away from sunlight, and with a minimum daily temperature variation.

• Put a suitable porous cover over the motorcycle to keep dust and dirt from collecting on it. Avoid using plastic or similar non-breathable, coated materials that restrict air flow and allow heat and moisture to accumulate.

Preparation after Storage

To prepare the motorcycle to be ridden after storage, do the following:

• Install the battery (if removed) (see page 124).

• If the motorcycle has been stored for more than four months, change the engine oil (see page 92).

• Check all the points listed in the Daily Safety Checks section.

• Before starting the engine, remove the spark plugs from each cylinder.

• Put the side stand down.

• Crank the engine on the starter motor several times.

• Re-install the spark plugs, tightening to 9 lbf ft (12 Nm), and start the engine.

• Check and if necessary correct the tire pressures (see the relevant Specification section).

• Clean the entire vehicle thoroughly.

• Check the brakes for correct operation.

• Test ride the motorcycle at low speeds.
### Specifications

#### Dimensions, Weights and Performance

A list of model specific dimensions, weights and performance figures is available from your authorized Triumph dealer, or on the Internet at www.triumph.co.uk.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Payload</th>
<th>Trident</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Payload</td>
<td>452 lb (205 kg)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Engine</th>
<th>Trident</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>In-line 3 cylinder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Displacement</td>
<td>40.3 cu in (660 cc)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bore x Stroke</td>
<td>2.91 in x 2.01 in (74.04 x 51.1 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compression Ratio</td>
<td>11:95:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder Numbering</td>
<td>Left to Right</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder Sequence</td>
<td>1 at left</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firing Order</td>
<td>1-2-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lubrication</th>
<th>Trident</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lubrication System</td>
<td>Wet sump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine Oil Capacities:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry Fill</td>
<td>0.90 gallons (3.40 liters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil/Filter Change</td>
<td>0.79 gallons (3.00 liters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Change Only</td>
<td>0.74 gallons (2.80 liters)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cooling System</th>
<th>Trident</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coolant Type</td>
<td>Triumph D2053 OAT coolant (premixed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water/Antifreeze Ratio</td>
<td>50/50 (premixed as supplied by Triumph)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant Capacity</td>
<td>0.59 gallons (2.36 liters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermostat Opens (nominal)</td>
<td>71°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuel System</th>
<th>Trident</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Electronic fuel injection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Injectors</td>
<td>Solenoid operated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Pump</td>
<td>Submerged electric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Pressure (nominal)</td>
<td>3.5 bar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuel</th>
<th>Trident</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>91 RON unleaded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tank Capacity (motorcycle upright)</td>
<td>4.6 gallons (17.4 liters)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ignition</th>
<th>Trident</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ignition System</td>
<td>Digital inductive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronic Rev Limiter</td>
<td>10,500 r/min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark Plug</td>
<td>NGK CR9EK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark Plug Gap</td>
<td>0.02-0.03 in (0.60-0.75 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gap Tolerance</td>
<td>+/- 0.003 in (0.075 mm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transmission</th>
<th>Trident</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transmission Type</td>
<td>6 speed, constant mesh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch Type</td>
<td>Wet, multiplate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Drive Chain</td>
<td>RK 520 KMW, 520 chain, 120 link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary Drive Ratio</td>
<td>1.854 (41/76)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gear Ratios:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Drive Ratio</td>
<td>3.188 (16/51)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>2.867 (15/43)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>2.053 (19/39)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>1.565 (23/36)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>1.286 (21/27)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>1.107 (28/31)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6th</td>
<td>0.967 (30/29)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ **Warning**

Use the recommended tires ONLY in the combinations given. Do not mix tires from different manufacturers or mix different specification tires from the same manufacturers as this may result in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

**Approved Tires**

A list of approved tires specific to these models is available from your authorized Triumph dealer, or on the Internet at www.triumph.co.uk.
### Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Tires</strong></th>
<th><strong>Trident</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tire Sizes:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front</td>
<td>120/70 ZR17 58W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>180/55 ZR17 73W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tire Pressures (Cold):</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front</td>
<td>2.34 bar (34 lb/in²)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>2.90 bar (42 lb/in²)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Electrical Equipment</strong></th>
<th><strong>Trident</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Battery Type</strong></td>
<td>YTX9-BS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Battery Rating</strong></td>
<td>12 Volt, 8 Ah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Alternator</strong></td>
<td>14 Volt, 34 Amp at 5,000 rpm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Front Position Light</strong></td>
<td>LED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Headlight</strong></td>
<td>LED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tail/Brake Light</strong></td>
<td>LED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>License Plate Light</strong></td>
<td>12 Volt, 5 Watt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Turn Signal Lights</strong></td>
<td>12 Volt, 10 Watt</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Frame</strong></th>
<th><strong>Trident</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rake</strong></td>
<td>24.9°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trail</strong></td>
<td>4.37 in (111 mm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Tightening Torques</strong></th>
<th><strong>Trident</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Battery Terminals</strong></td>
<td>40 lbf in (4.5 Nm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chain Adjuster Nuts</strong></td>
<td>26 lbf in (3 Nm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chain Adjuster Lock Nuts</strong></td>
<td>11 lbf ft (15 Nm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chain Guard</strong></td>
<td>80 lbf in (9 Nm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clutch Lever Nut</strong></td>
<td>31 lbf in (3.5 Nm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oil Filter</strong></td>
<td>89 lbf in (10 Nm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Spark Plug</strong></td>
<td>9 lbf ft (12 Nm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sump Plug</strong></td>
<td>18 lbf ft (25 Nm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rear Wheel Spindle Nut</strong></td>
<td>81 lbf ft (110 Nm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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<th>Trident</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Bearings and Pivots</td>
<td>Grease to NLGI 2 specification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake Fluid</td>
<td>DOT 4 brake fluid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant</td>
<td>Triumph D2053 OAT coolant (premixed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive Chain</td>
<td>Chain spray suitable for XW-ring chains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Engine Oil</strong></td>
<td>Semi or fully synthetic 10W/40 or 10W/50 motorcycle engine oil which meets specification API SH (or higher) and JASO MA, such as Castrol Power 1 Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) engine oil, sold as Castrol Power RS Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) in some countries.</td>
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Approval Information

This section contains approval information that is required to be included in this Owner’s Handbook.

FCC Statement

This device complies with part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications to the device could void the user’s authority to operate the equipment.

Tires

With reference to the Pneumatic Tires and Tubes for Automotive Vehicles (Quality Control) Order, 2009, Cl. No. 3 (c), it is declared by M/s. Triumph Motorcycles Ltd. that the tires mounted on this motorcycle meet the requirements of IS 15627: 2005 and comply with the requirements under Central Motor Vehicle Rules (CMVR), 1989.